

REGIONAL AUSTRALIA at its best!

File: 18/04l Date: 20 May 2020

Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd PO Box 656 WARWICK QLD 4370

Attention: Aaron Jamieson

Dear Mr Jamieson

Decision Notice – change application – minor change (Given under section 83 of the *Planning Act 2016*) Reconfiguring a Lot Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349, Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Omanama

Goondiwindi Regional Council received your change application made under section 78 of the *Planning Act 2016* on 8 May 2020 for the development approval dated 9 May 2018.

Decision for change application

Date of decision:

20 May 2020

Decision details:

Make the change and amend existing conditions.

The changes agreed to are:

1. Condition 27 – changes to the approval periods.

If you require any further information, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on (07) 4671 7400 or rmcmahon@grc.qld.gov.au, who will be pleased to assist.

Yours faithfully

Ronnie McMahon

RM M

Manager of Planning Services Goondiwindi Regional Council

Decision Notice approval

Planning Act 2016 section 63

Council File Reference:

18/041

Council Contact:

Mrs Ronnie McMahon: JMW

Council Contact Phone:

(07) 4671 7400

20 May 2020

Applicant Details:

Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd

PO Box 656

WARWICK QLD 4370

Attention: Aaron Jamieson

The development application described below was properly made to Goondiwindi Regional Council on 8 May 2020.

Applicant details

Applicant name:

Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd

Applicant contact details:

Aaron Jamieson PO Box 656 Warwick Qld 4370

Ph: (07) 4661 4752 info@ghpsurveyors.com

Application details

Application number:

18/041

Approval sought:

Development Permit

Details of proposed

development:

Reconfiguring a Lot – Three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot

subdivision

Location details

Street address:

Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Omanama

Real property description:

Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349

Decision

Date of decision:

20 May 2020

Decision details:

Approved in full. A copy of the amended conditions for the application are included in Attachment 1, showing the

approved changes.

Details of the approval

Development permit

Reconfiguring a Lot

Description of requested changes

Existing Condition 27

Requested Changes - Condition 3

A letter outlining and demonstrating that conditions have been complied with shall be submitted to Council prior to the submission to Council of the Plan of Survey. Council officers may require a physical inspection to confirm that all conditions have been satisfied to relevant standards.

The approval will lapse if a plan for the reconfiguration is not given to the local government within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(1)(b) of the *Planning Act 2016*:

(a) The period stated for that part of the approval

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iovai	Completed within:	The first two years, 2020	Two years following	the completion of	Two years following	the completion of	Two years following	the completion of	stage 3, 2029
(a) The period stated for thiat pair of the approval	Description	Proposed Lots 1 and 2	Proposed Lots 3 to 13		Proposed Lots 14 to 22, 31 and 32		Proposed Lots 23 to 30, 33 and 34		
(a)	Stage #	_	2		က		4		

Section 86 of the *Planning Act 2016* sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested.

A letter outlining and demonstrating that conditions have been complied with shall be submitted to Council prior to the submission to Council of the Plan of Survey. Council officers may require a physical inspection to confirm that all conditions have been satisfied to relevant standards.

The approval will lapse if a plan for the reconfiguration is not given to the local government within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(1)(b) of the *Planning Act 2016*:

(a) The period stated for that part of the approval

			the		the		the		the		the		the	
tile apploval	Completed within:	Proposed Lots 1 and 2 The first two years, 2020 By 8-5-2022	Two years following	completion of stage 1, 2023	Three years following	completion of stage 1, 2025	Two years following	completion of stage 2, 2026	Three years following	completion of stage 2, 2028	Two years following	completion of stage 3, 2029	Three years following	completion of stage 3, 2031
(a) THE PENDO STATED TO THAT PAIL OF THE APPLOVAL	Description	Proposed Lots 1 and 2	Proposed Lots 3 to 13				Proposed Lots 14 to	22, 31 and 32			Proposed Lots 23 to	30, 33 and 34		
(a) 110 pc	Stage #	_	2				က				4			

Section 86 of the *Planning Act 2016* sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested.

Agree

Recommendation:

Conditions

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1. The changed conditions are highlighted for clarification in **Attachment 1**.

All conditions other than those approved to be changed from the original Decision Notice remain relevant and enforceable.

All other parts of the original Decision Notice not amended by this Notice remain relevant and enforceable.

Further development permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

1. Not applicable

Properly made submissions

Not applicable—No part of the application required public notification.

Rights of appeal

The rights of applicants to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

A copy of the relevant appeal provisions are attached.

Currency period for the approval

This development approval will lapse at the end of the period set out in section 85 of *Planning Act 2016*:

• [for reconfiguring a lot] This approval lapses if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act 1994, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given within the period stated for that part of the approval.

Approved plans and specifications

Copies of the following plans, specifications and drawings are enclosed.

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference no.	Version/issue
Aspect of development:	[reconfiguring a lot]			
Proposed Subdivision Proposed Lots 1 to 34 Cancelling Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349	Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd		W5198-01	

Attachment 4 is a Notice about decision - Statement of reasons, in accordance with section 63 (5) of *the Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 5 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016*, which details the applicant's appeal rights regarding this decision

If you wish to discuss this matter further, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on 07 4671 7400.

Yours Sincerely

Ronnie McMahon

Manager of Planning Services Goondiwindi Regional Council

RM:MC

enc Attachment 1—Amended Assessment manager and Concurrence Agency response

Attachment 2—Approved plan

Attachment 3—Infrastructure Charges Notice

Attachment 4—Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

Attachment 5—Planning Act extracts



ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1 – Amended Assessment Manager's Conditions

Part 1 – Amended Assessment Manager's Conditions

Part 2 – Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning Concurrence Agency Response

Attachment 2 – Approved Plan

Attachment 3 – Infrastructure Charges Notice

Attachment 4 - Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

Attachment 5 – Planning Act 2016 Extracts

Planning Act 2016 appeal provisions
Planning Act 2016 lapse dates



Attachment 1 - Amended Assessment Manager's Conditions

Assessment Manager's Conditions

Proposed Use:	3 into 34 lot subdivision
Development:	Reconfiguring a Lot – Development Permit
Applicant:	Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd
Address:	Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Omanama
Real Property Description:	Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349
Council File Reference:	18/04

	GENERAL CONDITIO	NS					
1.	Approval is granted for	the purpose of Reconfiguring a Lot – 3 into 34 lot subdivision.					
2.		Ill be in accordance with supporting information supplied by the elopment application including the following plan:					
	Drawing No Title						
	Proposed Subdivision W5198-01 Proposed Lots 1 to 34 Cancelling Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349						
	Please note this is not an approved Plan of Survey. The approved plan is include Attachment 2.						
3.	Complete and maintain	n the approved development as follows:					
	(i) Generally in ac	cordance with development approval documents; and					
	(ii) Strictly in accordance with those parts of the approved development which have been specified in detail by the Council or Referral Agency unless the Council or Referral Agency agrees in writing that those parts will be adequately complied with by amended specifications.						
	All development must comply with any relevant provisions in the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council, Council's standard designs for applicable work and any relevant Australian Standard that applies to that type of work.						
	The development approval documents are the material contained in the development application, approved plan(s) and supporting documentation including any written and electronic correspondence between applicant, Council or Referral Agencies during all stages of the development application assessment processes.						
4.		complied with or bonded prior to the submission to Council of the Plan fied in an individual condition.					

PUBLIC UTILITIES
If and when required, each proposed lot shall be connected to an adequate electricity supply system, at no cost to Council.
If and when, required, each proposed lot shall be connected to an adequate telecommunications supply system, at no cost to Council.
The developer is responsible for ensuring Queensland Fire Services requirements are met with respect to this development.
VEHICLE ACCESS
Each proposed lot shall be provided with a residential vehicle crossover to a formed road in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 2: Standards for Roads, Carparking, Manoeuvring Areas and Access of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council, or to other relevant engineering standards to the satisfaction of Council.
Crossovers are to be either constructed or bonded prior to the endorsement of the Plan of Survey.
The applicant shall contact Council's Engineering Department to ensure the correct specifications are obtained for all civil works prior to commencement of any works on site.
A qualified Council Officer may inspect construction works at the request of the developer to ensure compliance with this conditions.
ROADS
All new roads shall have a minimum reservation width of twenty-five (25) metres and shall be dedicated as public road at no cost to Council.

- **10.** All new roads shall be constructed:
 - (a) With a minimum 8.0 metre formation width, to relevant engineering standards as outlined in Schedule 1: Design and Construction Standards, Division 2, Item 2.1: Standards for Roads of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council, and Aus-Spec construction specifications, 0136, 0161, 0257, 0319, 1101, 1102, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1121, 1141, 1143, 1144, 1151, 1152, 1191, 1192, 1196, 1351, 1391;
 - (b) To the satisfaction of Council and shall be in accordance with the relevant engineering standards outlined in Schedule 1: Design and Construction Standards, Division 2, Item 2.1: Standards for Roads of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council; and Aus-Spec construction specifications, 0136, 0161, 0257, 0319, 1101, 1102, 1111, 1112, 1113, 1121, 1141, 1143, 1144, 1151, 1152, 1191, 1192, 1196, 1351, 1391; and
 - (c) To include a 6m wide spray sealed pavement.

The design vehicle shall be a 26m B-double.

11. The new roads shall be appropriately named and all lots shall be given a suitable street number, of Council's approval.

Three (3) street names for each new road shall be provided to Council in order of preference for endorsement.

12. The road reserve shall be widened by 100m² at the point indicated on the marked plan, to allow for a possible refuse area for the exclusive use of the 34 lots.

STORMWATER

- The subject site shall be adequately drained and all stormwater shall be disposed of to the satisfaction of council and to relevant engineering standards as outlined in Schedule 1: Design and Construction Standards, Division 5, Item 5.1: Standards for Stormwater Drainage of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council. The stormwater disposal system shall be designed to include appropriate pollution control devices or methods to ensure no contamination or silting of creeks or other waterways.
- The stormwater drainage system shall be designed for the 1 in 10 year event. The design should be checked for the 1 in 100 year event to establish flow paths within the overall development.

	EARTHWORKS AND EROSION CONTROL
15.	All works associated with the development must be carried out in a manner that minimizes erosion and controls sediment. Best practice erosion and sediment control measures shall be in place at the location of all works prior to work commencing and remain until work is completed, in accordance with Schedule 1, Division 1: Standards for Construction Activities of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council, to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council.
	Control procedures are to be established to ensure sediment from the site is not deposited off site. The developer shall ensure no increase in any silt loads or contaminants in overland flow from the site during the development process and after development has been completed.
16.	Any fill placed on the subject land in relation to the development shall not cause any ponding of water on any land.
	DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITIES
17.	All newly constructed works will be subject to a 12 months defect liability period.
	Within 12 months of Council's acceptance of the complete works, a qualified Council Officer will inspect the works to confirm that there are no outstanding defects. Repair of any defects within the 12 months defect liability period will be the responsibility of the developer.
18.	Full engineering drawings and specifications certified by a RPEQ shall be provided for all roadworks, stormwater drainage, electricity supply and earthworks for the approval of Council's engineer.
19.	Where appropriate, easements shall be provided in favour of Council to contain infrastructure elements.
20.	Any alteration or damage to roads and public infrastructure that is attributable to the progress of works or vehicles associated with the development must be repaired to Council's satisfaction or the cost of repairs paid to Council.
21.	The developer shall be responsible for meeting all costs reasonably associated with the approved development, unless there is specific agreement by other parties, including Council, to meeting those costs.
22.	It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that any contractors and subcontractors have current, relevant and appropriate qualifications and insurances in place to carry out the works.

23.	The developer shall be responsible for mitigating any complaints arising from on-site	د
	operations during construction.	

24. Construction works must occur so they do not cause unreasonable interference with the amenity of adjoining premises. During construction the site must be kept in a clean and tidy state at all times.

BEFORE PLANS WILL BE ENDORSED

25. The developer shall submit a detailed Plan of Survey, prepared by a licensed surveyor, for the endorsement of Council. In accordance with Schedule 18 of the *Planning Regulations* 2017

The relevant Council Fee for endorsement of the Plan of Survey (currently \$170; subject to change).

All outstanding rates and charges shall be paid to Council prior to the submission to Council of the Plan of Survey.

At its discretion, Council may accept bonds or other securities by way of bank guarantee or cash, to ensure completion of specified development approval conditions to expedite the endorsement of the Plan of Survey.

It may be necessary for Council to use such bonds for the completion of outstanding works without a specific timeframe agreed.

A letter outlining and demonstrating that conditions have been complied with shall be submitted to Council prior to the submission to Council of the Plan of Survey. Council officers may require a physical inspection to confirm that all conditions have been satisfied to relevant standards.

The approval will lapse if a plan for the reconfiguration is not given to the local government within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(1)(b) of the *Planning Act 2016*:

(a) The period stated for that part of the approval

Stage #	Description	Completed within:
1	Proposed Lots 1 and 2	The first two years, 2020
		By 8-5-2022
2	Proposed Lots 3 to 13	Two years following the completion
-51		of stage 1, 2023
		Three years following the
		completion of stage 1, 2025
3	Proposed Lots 14 to 22, 31 and 32	Two years following the completion
		of stage 2, 2026
		Three years following the
-		completion of stage 2, 2028
4	Proposed Lots 23 to 30, 33 and 34	Two years following the completion
		of stage 3, 2029

Three years following	the
completion of stage 3, 2031	

Section 86 of the *Planning Act 2016* sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested.

NOTES AND ADVICE

When approval takes effect

This approval takes effect in accordance with section 85 of the Planning Act 2016.

When approval lapses

The approval will lapse if a plan for the reconfiguration is not given to the local government within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(1)(b) of the *Planning Act 2016*:

(a) The period stated for that part of the approval.

Stage #	Description	Completed within:
1	Proposed Lots 1 and 2	The first two years, 2020 By 8-5-2022
2	Proposed Lots 3 to 13	Two years following the completion of stage 1, 2023 Three years following the completion of stage 1, 2025
3	Proposed Lots 14 to 22, 31 and 32	Two years following the completion of stage 2, 2026 Three years following the completion of stage 2, 2028
4	Proposed Lots 23 to 30, 33 and 34	Two years following the completion of stage 3, 2029 Three years following the completion of stage 3, 2031

Section 86 of the *Planning Act 2016* sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested.

Infrastructure charges as outlined in the attached Infrastructure Charges Notice shall be paid upon Council's approval of the Plan of Survey. The Infrastructure Charges Notice is included in **Attachment 3**.

All development shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the *Environmental Protection Act 1994* and all relevant regulations and standards under that Act. All necessary licences under the Act shall be obtained and shall be maintained at all times.

This approval in no way removes the duty of care responsibility of the applicant under the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003. Pursuant to Section 23(1) of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care").

This approval in no way authorises the clearing of native vegetation protected under the Vegetation Management Act 1999.

The approved development does not authorise any deviation from the applicable Australian Standards nor from the application of any laws, including laws covering work place health and safety.

It is the applicant's responsibility to obtain all statutory approvals prior to commencement of any works onsite.



Attachment 1 – Approval for Conditions

Part 2 – Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning – Concurrence Agency Response.





Department of
State Development,
Manufacturing,
Infrastructure and Planning

Our reference:

1803-4238 SRA

Your reference:

18/041

3 April 2018

The Chief Executive Officer Goondiwindi Regional Council LMB 7 Inglewood QLD 4387 Via email: mail@grc.qld.gov.au

Attention:

Ronnie McMahon

Dear Ronnie

Referral agency response—with conditions—Reconfiguration of a lot—three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision

(Given under section 56 of the Planning Act 2016)

The development application described below was properly referred to the Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning (the department) on 5 March 2018.

Applicant details

Applicant name:

Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd

Applicant contact details:

PO Box 656

Warwick QLD 4370

Via email: info@ghpsurveyors.com

Location details

Street address:

Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Oman Ama QLD 4352

Real property description:

Lot 176 on BNT349; and Lots 53 and 54 on BNT290

Local government area:

Goondiwindi Regional Council

Application details

Development permit

Reconfiguration of a lot—three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision

Referral triggers

The development application was referred to the department under the following provisions of the Planning Regulation 2017:

• 10.9.4.2.1.1

State transport corridors and future State transport corridors

Conditions

Under section 56(1)(b)(i) of the *Planning Act 2016* (the Act), the conditions set out in Attachment 1 must be attached to any development approval.

Reasons for decision to impose conditions

The department must provide reasons for the decision to impose conditions. These reasons are set out in Attachment 2.

Advice to the assessment manager

Under section 56(3) of the Act, the department offers advice about the application to the assessment manager—see Attachment 3.

Approved plans and specifications

The department requires that the plans and specifications set out below and enclosed must be attached to any development approval.

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference no.	Version/issue		
Aspect of development: Reconfiguration of a lot—three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision						
Proposed Subdivision Plan as amended in red	Gary Hayes & Partners	Nil	W5198-01	Nil		

A copy of this response has been sent to the applicant for their information.

For further information please contact Brittany Hughes, Planning Officer, on 46167307 or via email ToowoombaSARA@dilgp.qld.gov.au who will be pleased to assist.

Yours sincerely

Andrew Foley Manager

cc Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd, info@ghpsurveyors.com

enc Attachment 1—Conditions to be imposed

Attachment 2—Reasons for decision to impose conditions Attachment 3—Advice to the assessment manager

Attachment 5—Advice to the assessment manag

Approved plans and specifications

Attachment 1—Conditions to be imposed

No.	Con	nditions	Condition timing
Reco	nfigu	ration of a lot—three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision	
nominenfor	nates f cemer	State-controlled road (SCR)—The chief executive administering to the Director-General of the Department of Transport and Main Roa at authority for the development to which this development approva- tion and enforcement of any matter relating to the following condition	ids (DTMR) to be the il relates for the
1.	(a)	Road works comprising a southbound Basic Left Turn treatment on Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road must be provided at the new road location accessing the proposed development.	Prior to submitting the Plan of Survey to the local government for approval.
	(b)	The new road location is to be located generally in accordance with the Proposed Subdivision Plan prepared by Gary Hayes & Partners, reference drawing number W5198-01.	
	(c)	The road works must be designed and constructed in accordance with the DTMR's Road Planning and Design Manual and any other material referenced therein.	
2.	Direct access is not permitted between the Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road and proposed Lots 1 and 2. At all times.		At all times.

Attachment 2—Reasons for decision to impose conditions

The reasons for this decision are:

- Condition 1 is to ensure the road access location to the SCR from the site does not compromise
 the safety and efficiency of the SCR and to ensure the design of any road access maintains the
 safety and efficiency of the SCR.
- Condition 2 is to ensure access to the SCR from the site does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the SCR. Direct access to the SCR is prohibited where not required.

Attachment 3—Advice to the assessment manager

Further development permits, compliance permits or compliance certificates

1. Road works approval: Under section 33 of the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994, wr*itten approval is required from DTMR to carry out road works on a SCR. Please contact DTMR on 4639 0828 to make an application for road works approval. This approval must be obtained prior to commencing any works on the SCR reserve. The approval process may require the approval of engineering designs of the proposed works, certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland. The road works approval process takes time – please contact DTMR as soon as possible to ensure that gaining approval does not delay construction.



Department of
State Development,
Manufacturing,
Infrastructure and Planning

Department of State Development, Manufacturing, Infrastructure and Planning Statement of reasons for application 1803-4238 SRA

(Given under section 56 of the Planning Act 2016)

Departmental role:

Referral agency

Applicant details

Applicant name:

Gary Hayes & Partners Pty Ltd

Applicant contact details:

PO Box 656

Warwick QLD 4370

Via email: info@ghpsurveyors.com

Location details

Street address:

Stanthorpe Inglewood Road, Oman Ama QLD 4352

Real property description:

Lot 176 on BNT349; and Lots 53 and 54 on BNT290

Local government area:

Goondiwindi Regional Council

Development details

Development permit

Reconfiguration of a lot—three (3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision

Assessment matters

Aspect of development requiring code assessment	State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP), version 2.1, applicable codes
1. Reconfiguration of a Lot	State code (SC) 1: Development on a state-controlled road (SCR) environment.

Reasons for the department's response:

The reasons for the decision are that the proposed development:

- does not result in an actionable nuisance, or worsening of, stormwater, flooding or drainage impacts in a SCR.
- does not create a safety hazard for users of a SCR or result in a worsening of operating condition.
- will not have any impact on the SCR network
- meets the performance outcomes of SC 1 where conditioned to comply.

Response:

- Development approval
- With conditions
- Response issued 3 April 2018

Relevant Material:

- Development application
- SDAP published by the department
- Technical agency response
- Transport Infrastructure Act 1994
- Planning Act 2016
- Planning Regulation 2017
- Development application rules



Areas and Dimensions are approximate only and are subject to survey.

Total Area of Subdivision 1677-95 Hectares

Total Length of New Road to be constructed — 9400m

Total Area of Land to be contributed for Community Purposes — Nil.

Services Locations are approximate only and are plotted from existing reco

Access Points to lots to be determined prior to the lots being used.

GARY	34	d 32
	STAGE 4: Lots 23 to 30, 33 at	STAGE I: Lots I and 2 STAGE 2: Lots 3 to 13 STAGE 3; Lots 14 to 22, 31 and 32
CLENT	ords.	

SURVEYED BY	SURVEY CHECK	LOCAL GOVERNMENT		CLENT	GARY HAYES & PARTNE
		Goondiwindi Regional		Wayne Seymour	PTY. LTD.
DATE OF SURVEY	DISK NUMBER	LOCALITY	MERIDAN	PROJECT	Licensed Land Surveyors
	CD2	OMAN AMA		Proposed Subdivision	Consultants in : Rural & Urban Lond St.
AUTHORISED FOR ISSUE	DATE	LEVEL DATUM	SHEET No.	A	: Engineering Surveys
용			<u> </u>	Proposed Lors 1 to 34	F
SCALE	A			Lan 000710 13 4 63 -1-1	12 LOCKE STREET WARWICK 4370
1: 20000	A3	OPSIGIN		Cancelling Lots 33 & 34 on DNIZBU and	Ph 07 4661 4752
		CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF THE PA	Avano compress	DRAWING No.	Fax 07 4661 5600



Attachment 2 – Approved Plan





W 5198-01 BNT290 and 8 Cancelling Lots 53 & 54 Proposed Lots 1 to 34 Wayne Seymour Houer Proposed Subdivision Lot 176 on BNT349 тив сивох П 13 Z LICOL. GONERALBIT Goondiwindi Region LICOLITY OMAN AMA 图 A3 CD2 8-8-SED FOR ESSUE 1: 20000 8-DATE OF SURVEY 표 <u>2</u>_



Attachment 3 – Infrastructure Charges Notice



Goondiwindi Customer Service
Centre
4 McLean Street
Goondiwindi
Inglewood Customer Service
Centre
18 Elizabeth Street

Inglewood

Locked Mail Bag 7 Inglewood QLD 4387

Telephone: 07 4671 7400 Fax: 07 4671 7433

Email: mail@grc.qld.gov.au

Infrastructure Charges Notice

Address	Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Omanama
Owner	Lexford Pty Limited
Applicant	Gary Hayes & Partners
Application No.	18/04
Lot and Survey Plan	Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349
Date	20 May 2020
Approval	Development Permit – Reconfiguration of a Lot

Development Application Details

Development Permit for Reconfiguration of a Lot (three into thirty-four lot subdivision)

Type of Charge	Charge Area (A, B, C, D or E)	Charge Amount per lot (\$)	Number of additional lots	Charge (\$)
Reconfiguring a Lot	Е	1,080	31	33,480

Due Date	When Goondiwindi Regional Council approves the plan of subdivision	Total	
Charge to be paid to	Goondiwindi Regional Council	Charge (\$)	33,480
Lapse Date	20 May 2031	-1155775	

Authorised by:

RM:MS

An offset has been applied to this notice, whereas the existing lots have not been charged. The amount of the charge per lot is \$1,080 for the additional lot.

Print Name:

Mrs Ronnie McMahon

Manager of Planning Services

In accordance the Planning Act 2016

Office Use - Receipt Number

Subdivisions - 1250-1150-0000





Attachment 4 – Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

The following information is provided in accordance with section 63 (5) of the Planning Act 2016 and must be published on the assessment managers website.

The development application for Reconfiguring a Lot – Three ((3) into thirty-four (34) lot subdivision
18/04	
Stanthorpe-Inglewood Road, Omanama	
Lots 53 & 54 on BNT290 and Lot 176 on BNT349	
On 20 May 2020, the above development application was:	
approved in full or	
approved in part for	or
□ approved in full with conditions or	
approved in part for	, with conditions or
refused.	

1. Reasons for the decision

The reasons for this decision are:

 Having regard to the relevant criteria in the Reconfiguring a Lot code of the 2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council, the proposed development satisfied all relevant criteria, and was approved subject to appropriate, relevant and reasonable conditions.

2. Assessment benchmarks

The following are the benchmarks applying for this development:

Benchmarks applying for the development	Benchmark reference
Reconfiguring a Lot code	2006 Planning Scheme for the former Inglewood Shire Council: AS3.3, PC7, PC8, PC10, AS12, AS13, AS14, AS15, AS16.1, AS16.2, AS17.1, PC20, AS21, AS22, AS23

3. Compliance with benchmarks

Not applicable, as the proposed development complied with all applicable benchmarks.

4. Relevant matters for impact assessable development

Not applicable, as the proposed development was code assessable.

5. Matters raised in submissions for impact assessable development

Not applicable, as the proposed development was code assessable.

6. Matters prescribed by Regulation

Not applicable for this proposed development.



Attachment 5 – Planning Act 2016 Extracts



EXTRACT FROM PLANNING ACT 2016 RELATING TO APPEAL RIGHTS

Chapter 6 Dispute Resolution, Part 1 Appeal Rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the

- deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
- (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each

- principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is-

- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.

(4) In this section-

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- (1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—
 - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
 - (b) has demonstrated an ability-
 - (i) to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and

- (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
- (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
- (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

(2) The appointer may—

- (a) appoint a referee for the term, of not more than 3 years, stated in the appointment notice; and
- (b) reappoint a referee, by notice, for further terms of not more than 3 years.
- (3) If an appointer appoints a public service officer as a referee, the officer holds the appointment concurrently with any other appointment that the officer holds in the public service.
- (4) A referee must not sit on a tribunal unless the referee has given a declaration, in the approved form and signed by the referee, to the chief executive.
- (5) The appointer may cancel a referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the appointer, to the referee.
- (6) A referee may resign the referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the referee, to the appointer.
- (7) In this section-

appointment notice means-

- (a) if the Minister gives the notice—a gazette notice; or
- (b) if the chief executive gives the notice—a notice given to the person appointed as a referee.

234 Referee with conflict of interest

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive informs a referee that the chief executive proposes to appoint the referee as a tribunal member, and either or both of the following apply—
 - (a) the tribunal is to hear a matter about premises—
 - (i) the referee owns; or

- (ii) for which the referee was, is, or is to be, an architect, builder, drainer, engineer, planner, plumber, plumbing inspector, certifier, site evaluator or soil assessor; or
- (iii) for which the referee has been, is, or will be, engaged by any party in the referee's capacity as an accountant, lawyer or other professional; or
- (iv) situated or to be situated in the area of a local government of which the referee is an officer, employee or councillor;
- (b) the referee has a direct or indirect personal interest in a matter to be considered by the tribunal, and the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the referee's functions for the tribunal's consideration of the matter.
- (2) However, this section does not apply to a referee only because the referee previously acted in relation to the preparation of a relevant local planning instrument.
- (3) The referee must notify the chief executive that this section applies to the referee, and on doing so, the chief executive must not appoint the referee to the tribunal.
- (4) If a tribunal member is, or becomes, aware the member should not have been appointed to the tribunal, the member must not act, or continue to act, as a member of the tribunal.

235 Establishing development tribunal

- (1) The chief executive may at any time establish a tribunal, consisting of up to 5 referees; for tribunal proceedings.
- (2) The chief executive may appoint a referee for tribunal proceedings if the chief executive considers the referee has the qualifications or experience for the proceedings.
- (3) The chief executive must appoint a referee as the chairperson for each tribunal.
- (4) A regulation may specify the qualifications or experience required for particular proceedings.
- (5) After a tribunal is established, the tribunal's membership must not be changed.

236 Remuneration

A tribunal member must be paid the remuneration the Governor in Council decides.

237 Tribunal proceedings

- (1) A tribunal must ensure all persons before the tribunal are afforded natural justice.
- (2) A tribunal must make its decisions in a timely way.
- (3) A tribunal may-
 - (a) conduct its business as the tribunal considers appropriate, subject to a regulation made for this section; and
 - (b) sit at the times and places the tribunal decides; and
 - (c) hear an appeal and application for a declaration together; and
 - (d) hear 2 or more appeals or applications for a declaration together.
- (4) A regulation may provide for-
 - (a) the way in which a tribunal is to operate, including the qualifications of the chairperson of the tribunal for particular proceedings; or
 - (b) the required fee for tribunal proceedings.

238 Registrar and other officers

- (1) The chief executive may, by gazette notice, appoint—
 - (a) a registrar; and
 - (b) other officers (including persons who are public service officers) as the chief executive considers appropriate to help a tribunal perform its functions.
- (2) A person may hold the appointment or assist concurrently with any other public service appointment that the person holds.

Division 2 Applications for declarations

239 Starting proceedings for declarations

- (1) A person may start proceedings for a declaration by a tribunal by filing an application, in the approved form, with the registrar.
- (2) The application must be accompanied by the required fee.

240 Application for declaration about making of development application

- (1) The following persons may start proceedings for a declaration about whether a development application is properly made—
 - (a) the applicant;
 - (b) the assessment manager.
- (2) However, a person may not seek a declaration under this section about whether a development application is accompanied by the written consent of the owner of the premises to the application.
- (3) The proceedings must be started by-
 - (a) the applicant within 20 business days after receiving notice from the assessment manager, under the development assessment rules, that the development application is not properly made; or
 - (b) the assessment manager within 10 business days after receiving the development application.
- (4) The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.
- (5) In this section—

respondent means-

- (a) if the applicant started the proceedings—the assessment manager; or
- (b) if the assessment manager started the proceedings—the applicant.

241 Application for declaration about change to development approval

- This section applies to a change application for a development approval if—
 - (a) the approval is for a material change of use of premises that involves the use of a classified building; and
 - (b) the responsible entity for the change application is not the P&E Court.
- (2) The applicant, or responsible entity, for the change application may start proceedings for a

- declaration about whether the proposed change to the approval is a minor change.
- (3) The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.
- (4) In this section-

respondent means-

- (a) if the applicant started the proceedings—the responsible entity; or
- (b) if the responsible entity started the proceedings—the applicant.

Division 3 Tribunal proceedings for appeals and declarations

242 Action when proceedings start

If a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed with the registrar within the period required under this Act, and is accompanied by the required fee, the chief executive must—

- (a) establish a tribunal for the proceedings; and
- (b) appoint 1 of the referees for the tribunal as the tribunal's chairperson, in the way required under a regulation; and
- (c) give notice of the establishment of the tribunal to each party to the proceedings.

243 Chief executive excusing noncompliance

- (1) This section applies if-
 - (a) the registrar receives a document purporting to start tribunal proceedings, accompanied by the required fee; and
 - (b) the document does not comply with any requirement under this Act for validly starting the proceedings.
- (2) The chief executive must consider the document and decide whether or not it is reasonable in the circumstances to excuse the noncompliance (because it would not cause substantial injustice in the proceedings, for example).
- (3) If the chief executive decides not to excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive must give a notice stating that the document is of no effect.

- because of the noncompliance, to the person who filed the document.
- (4) The chief executive must give the notice within 10 business days after the document is given to the chief executive.
- (5) If the chief executive does excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive may act under section 242 as if the noncompliance had not happened.

244 Ending tribunal proceedings or establishing new tribunal

(1) The chief executive may decide not to establish a tribunal when a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed, if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal.

Examples of when it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal—

- there are no qualified referees or insufficient qualified referees because of a conflict of interest
- the referees who are available will not be able to decide the proceedings in a timely way
- (2) If the chief executive considers a tribunal established for tribunal proceedings—
 - (a) does not have the expertise to hear or decide the proceedings; or
 - (b) is not able to make a decision for proceedings (because of a tribunal member's conflict of interest, for example); the chief executive may decide to suspend the proceedings and establish another tribunal, complying with section 242(c), to hear or re-hear the proceedings.
- (3) However, the chief executive may instead decide to end the proceedings if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish another tribunal to hear or re-hear the proceedings.
- (4) If the chief executive makes a decision under subsection (1) or (3), the chief executive must give a decision notice about the decision to the parties to the proceedings.
- (5) Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the chief

- executive gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.
- (6) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (5).

245 Refunding fees

The chief executive may, but need not, refund all or part of the fee paid to start proceedings if the chief executive decides under section 244—

- (a) not to establish a tribunal; or
- (b) to end the proceedings.

246 Further material for tribunal proceedings

- (1) The registrar may, at any time, ask a person to give the registrar any information that the registrar reasonably requires for the proceedings.
 - Examples of information that the registrar may require—
 - material about the proceedings (plans, for example)
 - information to help the chief executive decide whether to excuse noncompliance under section 243
 - for a deemed refusal—a statement of the reasons why the entity responsible for deciding the application had not decided the application during the period for deciding the application.
- (2) The person must give the information to the registrar within 10 business days after the registrar asks for the information.

247 Representation of Minister if State interest involved

If, before tribunal proceedings are decided, the Minister decides the proceedings involve a State interest, the Minister may be represented in the proceedings.

248 Representation of parties at hearing

A party to tribunal proceedings may appear—

- (a) in person; or
- (b) by an agent who is not a lawyer.

249 Conduct of tribunal proceedings

- (1) Subject to section 237, the chairperson of a tribunal must decide how tribunal proceedings are to be conducted.
- (2) The tribunal may decide the proceedings on submissions if the parties agree.
- (3) If the proceedings are to be decided on submissions, the tribunal must give all parties a notice asking for the submissions to be made to the tribunal within a stated reasonable period.
- (4) Otherwise, the tribunal must give notice of the time and place of the hearing to all parties.
- (5) The tribunal may decide the proceedings without a party's submission (written or oral) if—
 - (a) for proceedings to be decided on submissions—the party's submission is not received within the time stated in the notice given under subsection (3); or
 - (b) for proceedings to be decided by hearing the person, or the person's agent, does not appear at the hearing.
- (6) When hearing proceedings, the tribunal—
 - (a) need not proceed in a formal way; and
 - (b) is not bound by the rules of evidence; and
 - (c) may inform itself in the way it considers appropriate; and
 - (d) may seek the views of any person; and
 - (e) must ensure all persons appearing before the tribunal have a reasonable opportunity to be heard; and
 - (f) may prohibit or regulate questioning in the hearing.
- (7) If, because of the time available for the proceedings, a person does not have an opportunity to be heard, or fully heard, the person may make a submission to the tribunal.

250 Tribunal directions or orders

A tribunal may, at any time during tribunal proceedings, make any direction or order that the tribunal considers appropriate.

Examples of directions-

- a direction to an applicant about how to make their development application comply with this Act
- a direction to an assessment manager to assess a development application, even though the referral agency's response to the assessment manager was to refuse the application

251 Matters tribunal may consider

- (1) This section applies to tribunal proceedings about—
 - (a) a development application or change application; or
 - (b) an application or request (however called) under the Building Act or the Plumbing and Drainage Act.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the proceedings based on the laws in effect when—
 - (a) the application or request was properly made;or
 - (b) if the application or request was not required to be properly made—the application or request was made.
- (3) However, the tribunal may give the weight that the tribunal considers appropriate, in the circumstances, to any new laws.

252 Deciding no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings

- (1) A tribunal may decide that the tribunal has no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings, at any time before the proceedings are decided—
 - (a) on the tribunal's initiative; or
 - (b) on the application of a party.
- (2) If the tribunal decides that the tribunal has no jurisdiction, the tribunal must give a decision notice about the decision to all parties to the proceedings.
- (3) Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the tribunal gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.

- (4) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (3).
- (5) If the tribunal decides to end the proceedings, the fee paid to start the proceedings is not refundable.

253 Conduct of appeals

- (1) This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal.
- (2) Generally, the appellant must establish the appeal should be upheld.
- (3) However, for an appeal by the recipient of an enforcement notice, the enforcement authority that gave the notice must establish the appeal should be dismissed.
- (4) The tribunal must hear and decide the appeal by way of a reconsideration of the evidence that was before the person who made the decision appealed against.
- (5) However, the tribunal may, but need not, consider—
 - (a) other evidence presented by a party to the appeal with leave of the tribunal; or
 - (b) any information provided under section 246.

254 Deciding appeals to tribunal

- This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal against a decision.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the appeal by-
 - (a) confirming the decision; or
 - (b) changing the decision; or
 - (c) replacing the decision with another decision; or
 - (d) setting the decision aside, and ordering the person who made the decision to remake the decision by a stated time; or
 - (e) for a deemed refusal of an application—
 - (i) ordering the entity responsible for deciding the application to decide the application by a stated time and, if the entity does not comply with the order, deciding the application; or
 - (ii) deciding the application.

- (3) However, the tribunal must not make a change, other than a minor change, to a development application.
- (4) The tribunal's decision takes the place of the decision appealed against.
- (5) The tribunal's decision starts to have effect—
 - (a) if a party does not appeal the decision—at the end of the appeal period for the decision; or
 - (b) if a party appeals against the decision to the P&E Court—subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal ends.

255 Notice of tribunal's decision

A tribunal must give a decision notice about the tribunal's decision for tribunal proceedings, other than for any directions or interim orders given by the tribunal, to all parties to proceedings.

256 No costs orders

A tribunal must not make any order as to costs.

257 Recipient's notice of compliance with direction or order

If a tribunal directs or orders a party to do something, the party must notify the registrar when the thing is done.

258 Tribunal may extend period to take action

- (1) This section applies if, under this chapter, an action for tribunal proceedings must be taken within a stated period or before a stated time, even if the period has ended or the time has passed.
- (2) The tribunal may allow a longer period or a different time to take the action if the tribunal considers there are sufficient grounds for the extension.

259 Publication of tribunal decisions

The registrar must publish tribunal decisions under the arrangements, and in the way, that the chief executive decides.

Schedule 1 Appeals

section 229

Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
 - (a) the P&E court; or
 - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
 - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
 - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
 - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
 - (d) a development condition if-
 - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
 - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
 - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
 - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
 - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change

application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or

- (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—
 - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
 - (ii) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or
- (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
- (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
- (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
 - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)-
 - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
 - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
 - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table-
 - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
 - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
 - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
 - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.

- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section-

storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

Table 1

Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

For a development application other than a development application called in by the

Minister, an appeal may be made against-

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

EXTRACT FROM THE PLANNING ACT 2016 RELATING TO LAPSE DATES

Division 4 Lapsing of and extending development approvals

85 Lapsing of approval at end of current period

- (1) A part of a development approval lapses at the end of the following period (the currency period)—
 - (a) for any part of the development approval relating to a material change of use—if the first change of use does not happen within—
 - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
 - (ii) if no period is stated—6 years after the approval starts to have effect;
 - (b) for any part of the development approval relating to reconfiguring a lot—if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within—
 - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
 - (ii) if no period is stated—4 years after the approval starts to have effect;
 - (c) for any other part of the development approval if the development does not substantially start within—
 - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
 - (ii) if no period is stated—2 years after the approval starts to take effect.
- (2) If part of a development approval lapses, any monetary security given for that part of the approval must be released.