



File:

23/26

Date:

27 July 2023

Think Quality Building 17 Gough Street **GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390** 

Attention: Scott Jackson

Dear Scott

**Decision Notice –approval (with conditions)** Material Change of Use Lot 14 on SP127660, 9 Serpentine Drive, Goondiwindi

We wish to advise that on 26 July 2023 a decision was made to approve the material change of use development application for "Accommodation activities" - "Dwelling House" (Oversized Domestic Outbuilding) at Lot 14 on SP127660, 9 Serpentine Drive, Goondiwindi. In accordance with the Planning Act 2016, please find attached Council's Decision Notice for the application.

Please read the conditions carefully as these include actions which must be undertaken prior to the commencement of the use as well as requirements for the ongoing operation of the use.

All conditions are required to be either complied with or bonded prior to the commencement of the use. Please note Condition 28, which requires a letter to be submitted to Council prior to commencement of the use, outlining and demonstrating compliance with each condition.

The applicant is required to notify Council in writing of the date of the commencement of the use, within fourteen (14) business days of commencement.

If you require any further information, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on (07) 4671 7400 or rmcmahon@grc.qld.gov.au, who will be pleased to assist.

Yours faithfully

Ronnie McMahon

Manager of Planning Services Goondiwindi Regional Council

ABN 79 969 846 487

Goondiwindi Customer Service Centre 07 4671 7400

# **Decision Notice approval**

Planning Act 2016 section 63

Council File Reference:

23/26

Council Contact: Council Contact Phone: Mrs Ronnie McMahon (07) 4671 7400

27 July 2023

**Applicant Details:** 

Think Quality Building

17 Gough Street

GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390

Attention: Scott Jackson

The development application described below was properly made to Goondiwindi Regional Council on 29 June 2023.

### **Applicant details**

Applicant name:

Think Quality Building

Applicant contact details:

Attention: Scott Jackson

17 Gough Street, Goondiwindi Qld 4390

Ph: 0415 583 570

thinkqualitybuilding@gmail.com

#### **Application details**

Application number:

23/26

Approval sought:

Development Permit – Material Change of Use

Details of proposed

development:

"Accommodation activities" - "Dwelling House" (Oversized

Domestic Outbuilding)

### Location details

Street address:

9 Serpentine Drive, Goondiwindi

Real property description:

Lot 14 on SP127660

#### **Decision**

Date of decision:

26 July 2023

Decision details:

Approved in full with conditions. These conditions are set out in Attachment 1 and are clearly identified to indicate whether the assessment manager or a concurrence agency imposed

them.

## **Details of the approval**

The application is not taken to be approved (a deemed approval) under section 64(5) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The following approvals are given:

	Planning Regulation 2017 reference	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval  - building work assessable under the planning	N/A		
scheme - plumbing or drainage work			
<ul><li>material change of use</li><li>reconfiguring a lot</li><li>operational work</li></ul>			

### **Conditions**

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

## Further development permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

- 1. Development Permit Building Works
- 2. Compliance Permit Plumbing Works

### **Properly made submissions**

Not applicable—No part of the application required public notification.

## Approved plans and specifications

Copies of the following plans are enclosed.

Drawing Number	Title	Date
2054/23, Issue D, Page 02 of 09	Site Plan	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 03 of 09	Floor Plan External Dims	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 04 of 09	Floor Plan Internal Dims	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 05 of 09	3D Views	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 06 of 09	Elevations A & B	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 07 of 09	Elevations C & D	08/06/23
2054/23, Issue D, Page 08 of 09	Shed	08/06/23

## Currency period for the approval

This development approval will lapse at the end of the period set out in section 85 of Planning Act 2016

### Rights of appeal

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For certain applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

### Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

**Attachment 4** is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

To stay informed about any appeal proceedings which may relate to this decision visit: <a href="https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/planning/our-planning-system/dispute-resolution/pe-court-database">https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/planning/our-planning-system/dispute-resolution/pe-court-database</a>.

**Attachment 3** is a Notice about decision - Statement of reasons, in accordance with section 63 (5) of the Planning Act 2016.

If you wish to discuss this matter further, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on 07 4671 7400.

Yours Sincerely

Ronnie McMahon

Manager of Planning Services Goondiwindi Regional Council

RM:m2

enc Attachment 1—Assessment manager conditions

Attachment 2—Approved Plans

Attachment 3—Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

Attachment 4—Planning Act 2016 Extracts



# **ATTACHMENTS**

Attachment 1 – Assessment Manager's Conditions

Attachment 2 - Approved Plans

Attachment 3 – Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

Attachment 4 – Planning Act 2016 Extracts

Planning Act 2016 appeal provisions
Planning Act 2016 lapse dates



# Attachment 1 - Assessment Manager's Conditions



# Assessment Manager's Conditions

Description:	"Accommodation Activities"  • "Dwelling House" (Oversized Domestic Outbuilding)
Development:	Material Change of Use – Development Permit
Applicant:	Think Quality Building
Address:	9 Serpentine Drive, Goondiwindi
Real Property Description:	Lot 14 on RP127660
Council File Reference:	23/26

	Approval is granted for the purpose of a Material Change of Use for:			
1.	Approval is granted for the purpose of a Material Change of Use for:			
	"Accommodation activities" –	"Dwelling House" (Oversized Dom	estic Outbuild	
	as defined in the Goondiwindi Region	n Planning Scheme 2018 (Version	2).	
2.	All conditions must be complied with or bonded prior to the commencement of the unless specified in an individual condition.			
3.	unless specified in an individual cond  Except where changed by condition accordance with supporting information.	dition.  Dons of this approval, the development the development with the	opment shall	
	Except where changed by condition accordance with supporting information application including the following plant.	dition.  ons of this approval, the develo tion supplied by the applicant wi	opment shall th the develo	
	Except where changed by condition accordance with supporting information application including the following plants.  Drawing Number	ons of this approval, the develo tion supplied by the applicant wi ans:	opment shall th the develo	
	Except where changed by conditional accordance with supporting informal application including the following plants of the conditional plants of the	ons of this approval, the develo tion supplied by the applicant with ans:  Title  Site Plan	ppment shall the development Date 08/06/23	
	Except where changed by conditional accordance with supporting informal application including the following plates:  Drawing Number:  2054/23, Issue D, Page 02 of 09: 2054/23, Issue D, Page 03 of 09:	ons of this approval, the development of this approval, the development of the applicant with the development of the applicant with the applicant	Date 08/06/23	
	Except where changed by conditional accordance with supporting informal application including the following plans	ons of this approval, the develo tion supplied by the applicant with ans:  Title  Site Plan	Date 08/06/23 08/06/23	
	Except where changed by conditional accordance with supporting informal application including the following plans	ons of this approval, the development of this approval, the development of the applicant with ans:  Title Site Plan Floor Plan External Dims Floor Plan Internal Dims	Date 08/06/23 08/06/23 08/06/23	
	Except where changed by conditional accordance with supporting informal application including the following plans	ons of this approval, the development of this approval, the development with ans:  Title  Site Plan  Floor Plan External Dims  Floor Plan Internal Dims  3D Views	opment shall th the develo	

- 4. Complete and maintain the approved development as follows:
  - (i) Generally in accordance with development approval documents; and
  - (ii) Strictly in accordance with those parts of the approved development which have been specified in detail by the Council unless Council agrees in writing that those parts will be adequately complied with by amended specifications.

All development shall comply with any relevant provisions in the *Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2)*, Council's standard designs for applicable work and any relevant Australian Standard that applies to that type of work.

The development approval documents are the material contained in the development application, approved plans and supporting documentation including any written and electronic correspondence between applicant, Council or any relevant Agencies during all stages of the development application assessment processes.

5. Prior to any construction work commencing on the site as a result of this approval, a Development Approval to undertake Building Work is to be obtained either from a Licensed Building Surveyor (Certifier) or Goondiwindi Regional Council.

#### **ESSENTIAL SERVICES**

- 6. Connection to Council's reticulated water supply system, shall be retained to the subject site, in accordance with Schedule 6.2 Planning Scheme Policy 1 Land Development Standards in the *Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018*, at no cost to Council.
- 7. The development shall be connected to Council's reticulated sewerage system, in accordance with Schedule 6.2 Planning Scheme Policy 1 Land Development Standards in the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2), when required as part of a building approval, to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council.

The developer shall provide all necessary sewer infrastructure to enable the development to be serviced to relevant engineering standards and to the satisfaction of Council.

#### **PUBLIC UTILITIES**

8. Connection to reticulated electricity and telecommunications shall be retained to the lot, at no cost to Council.

### **ROADS AND VEHICLES**

9. All site access, from the edge of the existing bitumen to the property boundary, shall be constructed or maintained to a residential standard in accordance with Schedule 6.2.1 – Standard Drawing in Schedule 6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Land Development Standards of the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018, to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council.

The crossover shall be either constructed or bonded prior to the commencement of the use.

The developer shall contact Council's Engineering Department to ensure the correct specifications are obtained for all civil works prior to commencement of any works onsite.

A qualified Council Officer may inspect construction works at the request of the development to ensure compliance with this condition.

#### **STORMWATER**

Prior to the commencement of the use, the site shall be adequately drained and all stormwater shall be disposed of to a legal point of discharge in accordance with Schedule 6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Land Development Standards of the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2), to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council.

Any increase in volume, concentration or velocity of stormwater from the site shall be channelled to lawful points of discharge or to other storage or dispersal arrangements which all must be agreed to in writing by Council.

There shall be no change in direction or increase in the volume, concentration or velocity in any overland flow from the site to any adjoining properties unless agreed in writing by Council and the owners of any adjoining properties affected by these changes.

The stormwater disposal system shall be designed to include appropriate pollution control devices or methods to ensure no contamination or silting of waterways.

11. Stormwater shall not be allowed to pond on the site during the development process and after development has been completed unless the type and size of ponding has been agreed in writing by Council.

No ponding, concentration or redirection of stormwater shall occur on adjoining properties unless specifically agreed to in writing by Council and the owners of any adjoining properties affected by these changes.

# EARTHWORKS AND EROSION CONTROL Any filling or excavation shall be undertaken in accordance with Schedule 6.2 - Planning 12. Scheme Policy 1 - Land Development Standards of the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2) or to other relevant engineering standards to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council. Excavation or filling within 1.5 metres of any site boundary is battered or retained by a wall that does not exceed 1 metre in height. All works associated with the development must be carried out in a manner that minimises 13. erosion and controls sediment. Best practice erosion and sediment control measures shall be in place at the location of all works prior to work commencing and remain until work is completed in accordance with Schedule 6.2 - Planning Scheme Policy 1 - Land Development Standards of the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2) or in accordance with other relevant engineering standards to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council. Control procedures are to be established to ensure sediment from the site is not deposited off site. The developer shall ensure no increase in any silt loads or contaminants in overland flow from the site during the development process and after development has been completed. AVOIDING NUISANCE At all times while the use continues, the development shall be conducted in accordance with 14. the provision of the Environmental Protection Act 1994 (the Act) and all relevant regulation and standards under the Act. Noise during construction period – must not carry out Building Work, if the noise is audible: a) At any time, on a Sunday or public holiday; or b) Before 6:30am or after 6:30pm, on a Saturday or business day. At all times while the use continues it shall be operated in such a manner as to ensure that 15. no nuisance shall arise to adjoining premises as a result of dust, noise, lighting, odour, vibration, rubbish, contaminants, stormwater discharge or siltation or any other potentially detrimental impact. Roof water drainage from structures/buildings and the yard area is to be discharged to a Council approved drainage system. The operator shall be responsible for mitigating any complaint arising from on-site operations. 16. Construction works must occur so they do not cause unreasonable interference with the 17. amenity of adjoining premises. The site must be kept in a clean and tidy state at all times during construction.

Construction waste is to be contained within an approved skip container or enclosed trailer 18. on site to ensure litter does not become an issue off site. All waste is to be disposed of at the Goondiwindi Waste Facility. Separation of waste can achieve cost savings when delivering waste to the Waste Facility. At all times while the use continues, any air conditioning equipment shall be acoustically 19. screened to ensure noise levels do not exceed 5dB(A) above the background noise level measured at the boundaries of the subject site. **DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITIES** It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that the development is resilient to flood events 20. by ensuring design and built form appropriately responds to the potential risks of flooding. It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that the development directly, indirectly and 21: cumulatively avoids any increase in water flow velocity or flood level, and does not increase the potential for flood damage either on-site or on other properties. Any alteration or damage to roads and/or public infrastructure that is attributable to the 22. progress of works or associated with the use of the site shall be repaired to Council's satisfaction or the cost of repairs paid to Council. It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that any contractors and subcontractors have 23. current, relevant and appropriate qualifications and insurances in place to carry out the works. The developer shall be responsible for meeting all costs reasonably associated with the 24. approved development, unless there is specific agreement by other parties, including the Council, to meeting those costs. At all times while the use continues, all requirements of the conditions of the development 25. approval must be maintained.

# COMMENCEMENT OF USE 26. At its discretion, Council may accept bonds or other securities to ensure completion of specified development approval conditions or Council may accept cash payments for Council to undertake the necessary work to ensure completion of specified development approval conditions It may be necessary for Council to use such bonds for the completion of outstanding works without a specific timeframe agreed. The decision to accept bonds or other securities to satisfy a condition will be that of Council, not the applicant. 27. Council must be notified in writing of the date of the commencement of the use within 14 days of commencement. This approval will lapse if the use has not commenced within six years of the date the development approval takes effect, in accordance with the provisions contained in sections 85(i)(a) of the Planning Act 2016. Section 86 of the Planning Act 2016 sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested. 28. A letter outlining and demonstrating that conditions have been, or will be, complied with shall be submitted to Council and approved by a relevant Officer of Council prior to commencement of the use. Council Officers may require a physical inspection to confirm that all conditions have been satisfied to relevant standards. PLEASE READ CAREFULLY - NOTES AND ADVICE When approval takes effect This approval takes effect in accordance with section 85 of the Planning Act 2016. When approval lapses This approval will lapse if the change of use has not occurred within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(i)(a) of the Planning Act 2016. (a) If no period stated – 6 years after the approval starts to have effect. Section 86 of the Planning Act 2016 sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested. It is the applicant's responsibility to obtain all statutory approvals prior to commencement of any works onsite.

This approval in no way removes the duty of care responsibility of the applicant under the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003. Pursuant to Section 23(1) of the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care").

This approval in no way authorises the clearing of native vegetation protected under the Vegetation Management Act 1999.

The approved development does not authorise any deviation from the applicable Australian Standards nor from the application of any laws, including laws covering work place health and safety.



# Attachment 2 – Approved Plans



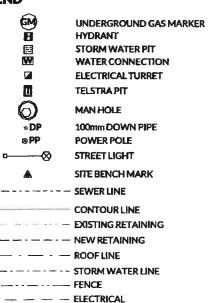
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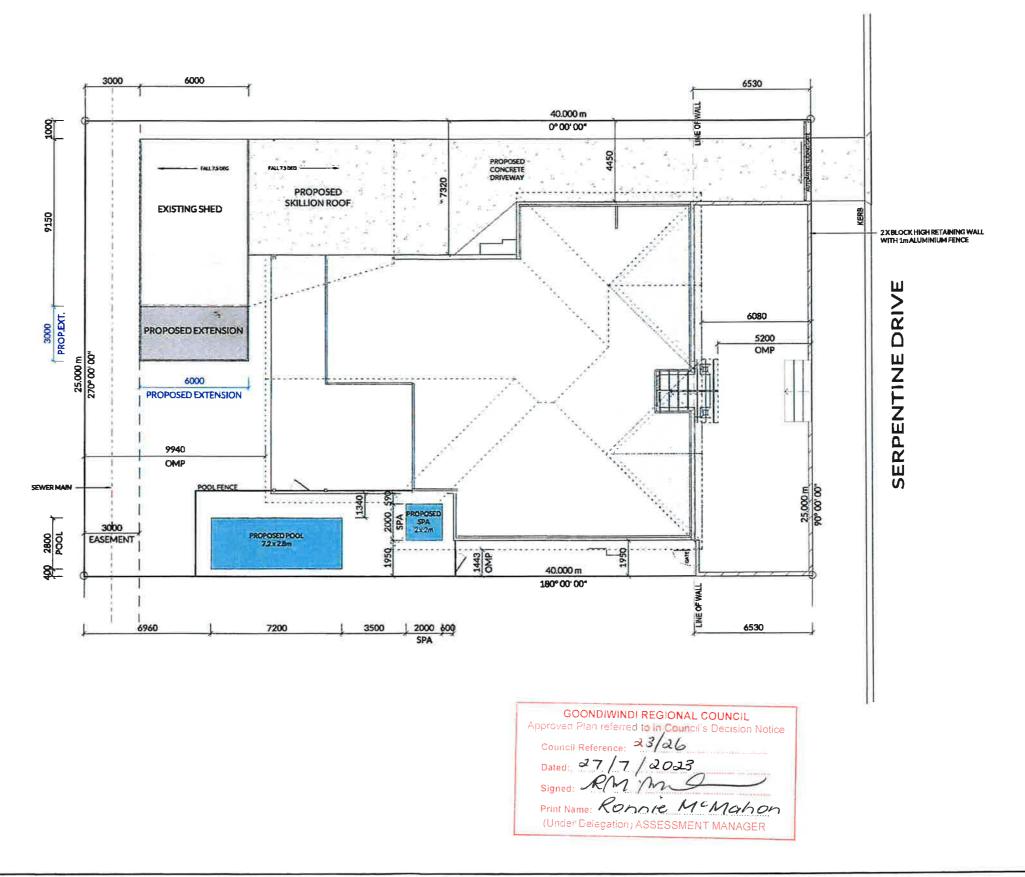
LOT: 14 RP:127660 SUBURB: GOONDIWINDI LOCAL AUTHORITY: GOONDIWINDI REGIONAL COUNCIL

AREA OF LOT - 1000m² AREA OF RESIDENCE - 349.2m² SITE COVERAGE - 34.9%

WIND LOAD - N3

# LEGEND







M: 0403 508 705 E: plans@areidesigns.com.au W: areidesigns.com.au QLD QBCC: 15040886 VIC VBA: CDB-U 73620 TAS BSP: 071565667 ABN: 31 615 195 818

- - - TELSTRA COMMUNICATIONS
- WATER LINE

PLAN NUMBER: 2054/23 BUILDERS NUMBER: N/A

AREI PLAN CODE:

**AREI DESIGNS** 

CLIENT:
THINK QUALITY
BUILDERS
DRAWING NAME:

SITE PLAN

PROJECT:
PROPOSED RESIDENCE FOR
KURT & KYLIE CARLYON AT
LOT 14 SERPENTINE DR
GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390

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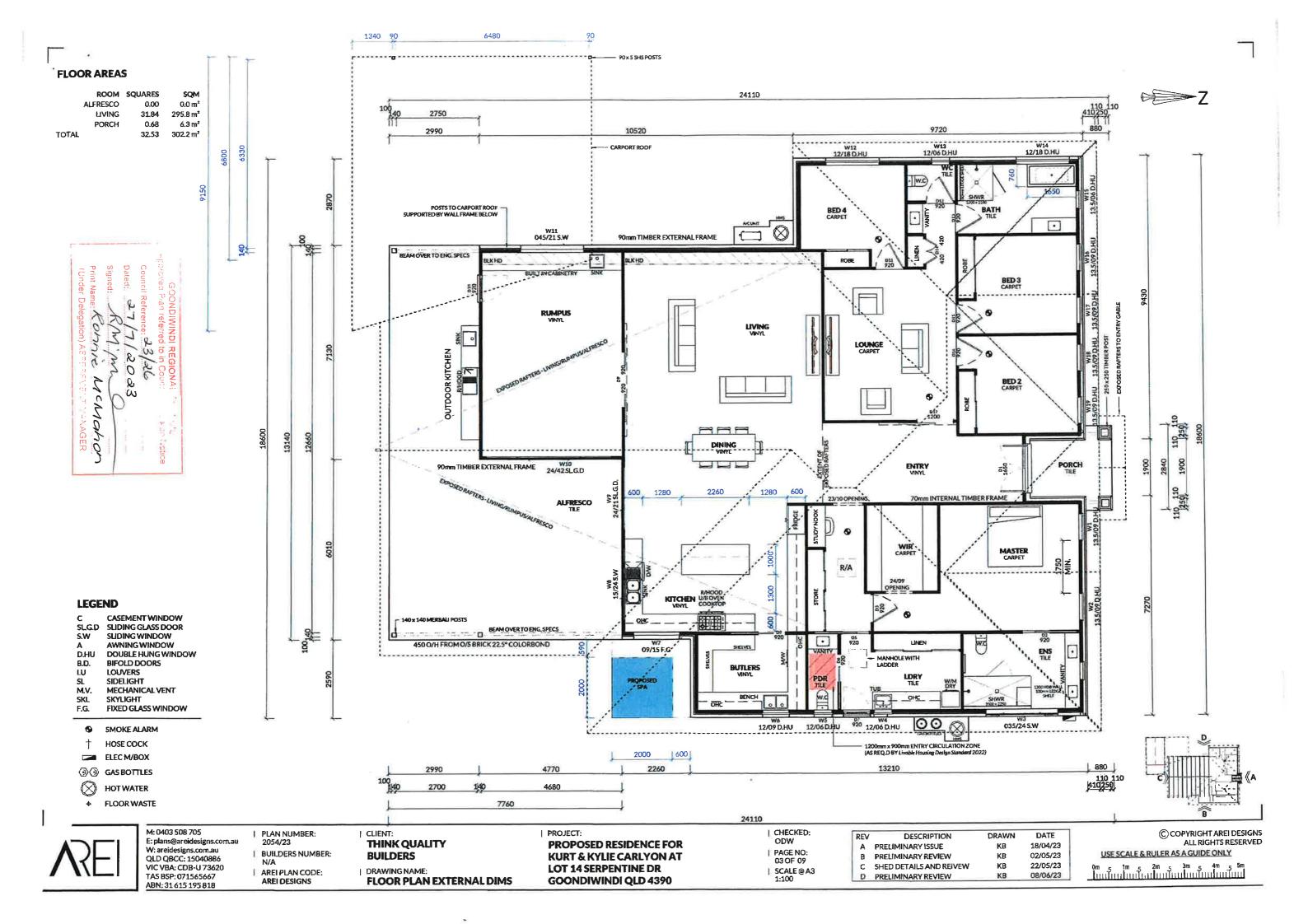
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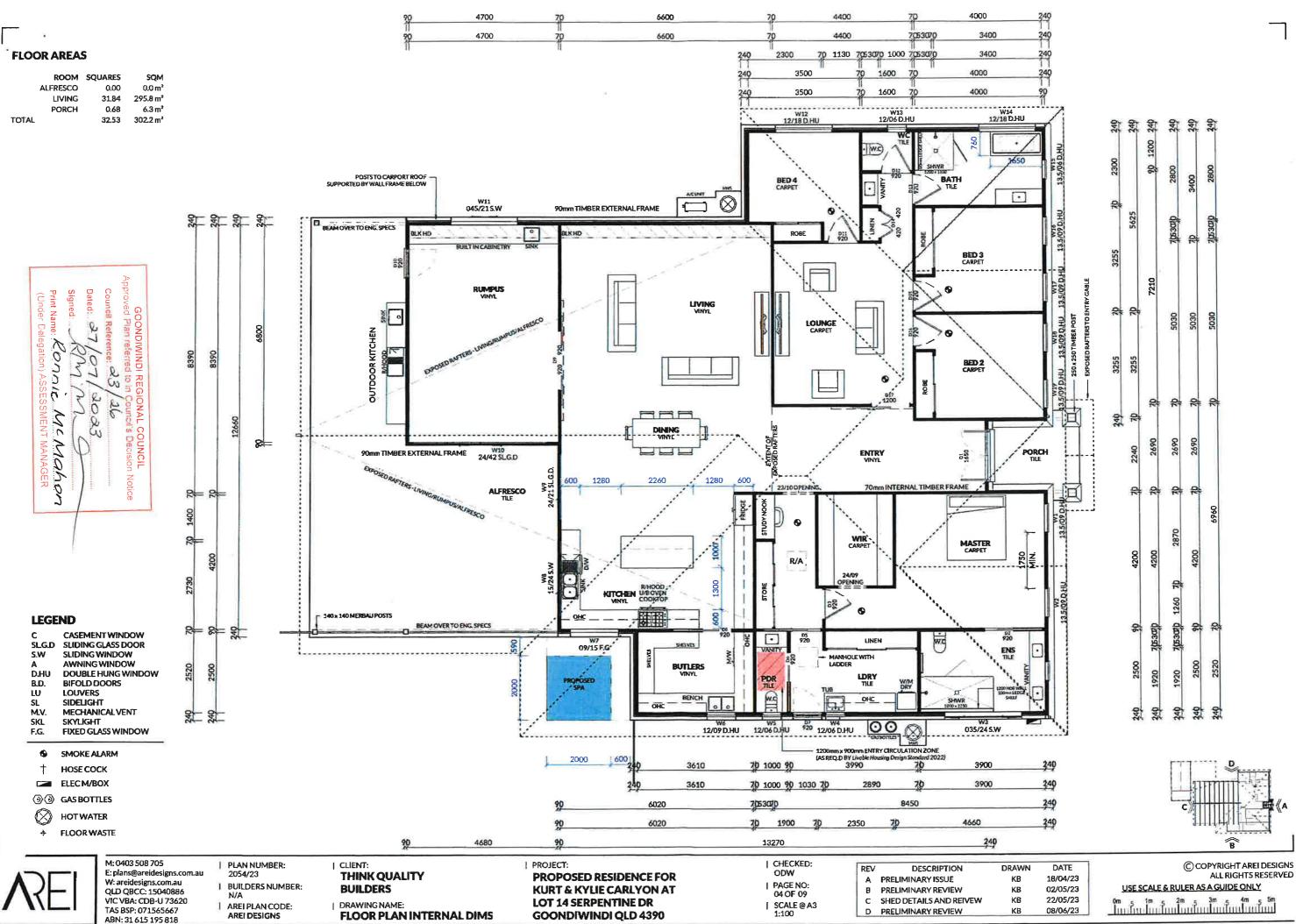
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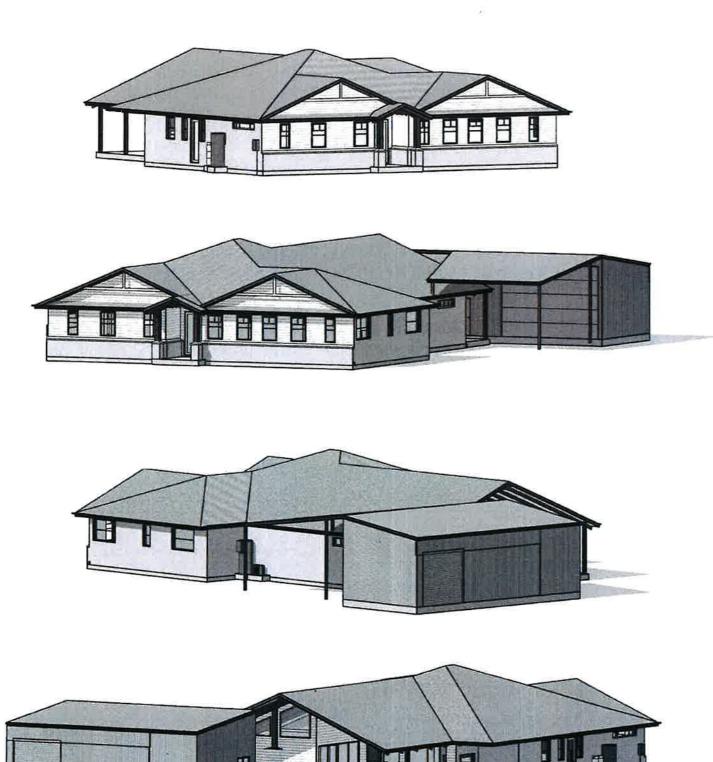
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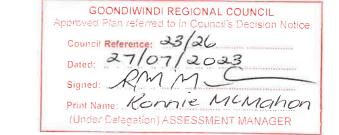
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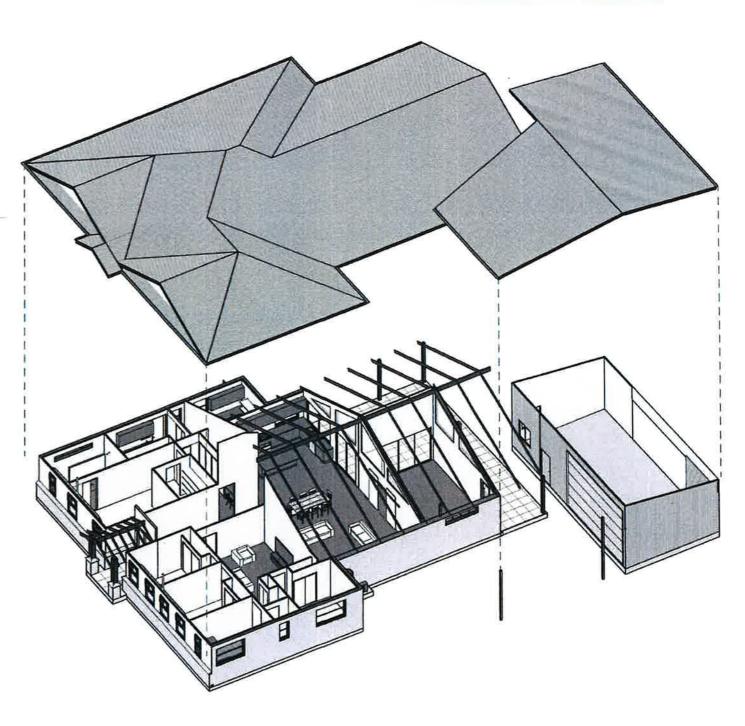














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PLAN NUMBER: 2054/23

BUILDERS NUMBER: N/A

AREI PLAN CODE: AREI DESIGNS CLIENT:
THINK QUALITY
BUILDERS

DRAWING NAME: 3D VIEWS

PROJECT:

PROPOSED RESIDENCE FOR KURT & KYLIE CARLYON AT LOT 14 SERPENTINE DR GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390 | CHECKED: ODW

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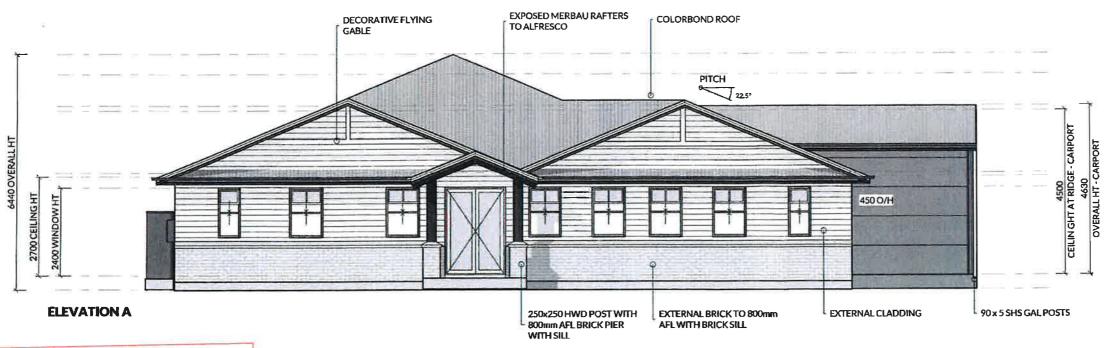
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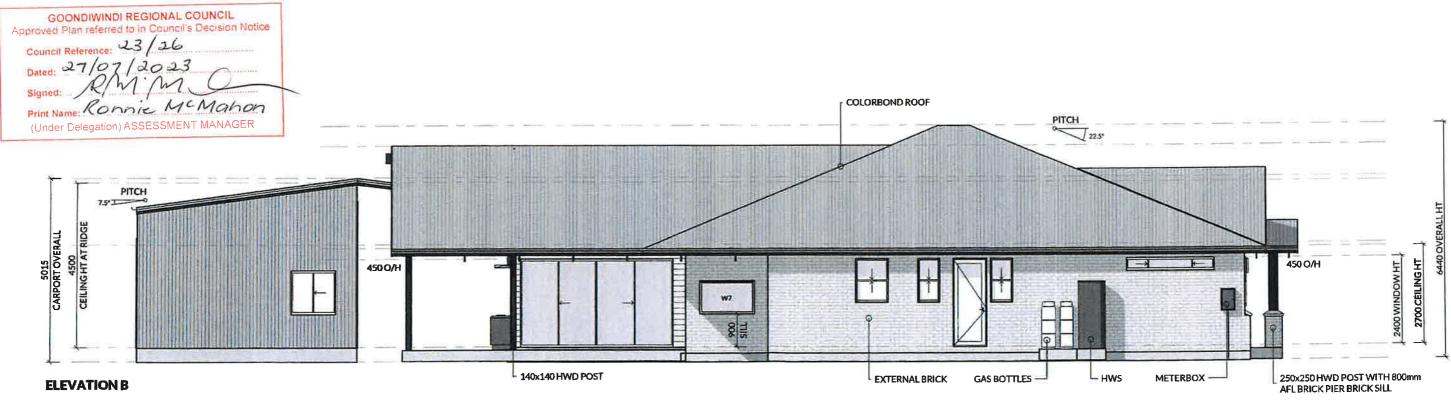
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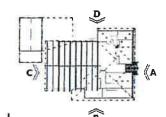
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BUILDERS NUMBER: N/A I AREI PLAN CODE: AREI DESIGNS CLIENT:
THINK QUALITY
BUILDERS

DRAWING NAME:
ELEVATIONS A & B

PROJECT:
PROPOSED RESIDENCE FOR
KURT & KYLIE CARLYON AT
LOT 14 SERPENTINE DR
GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390

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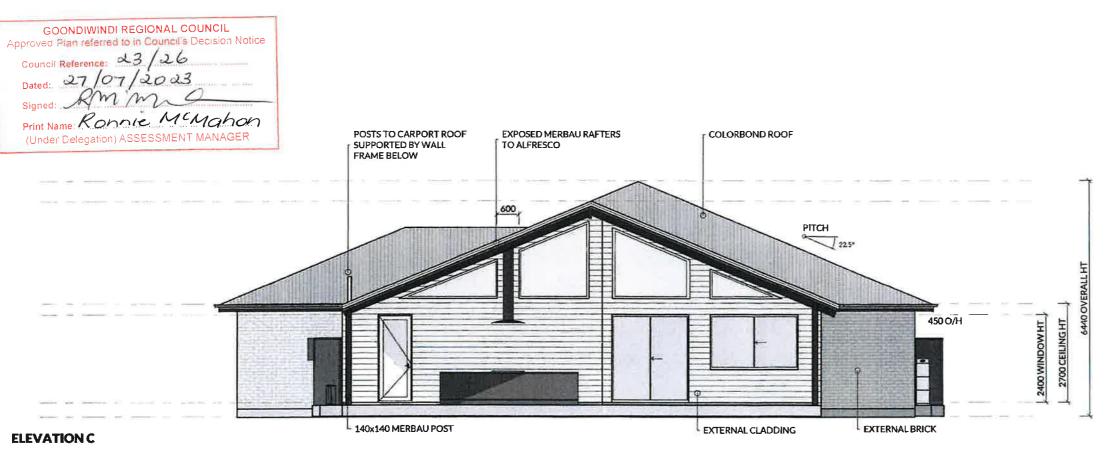
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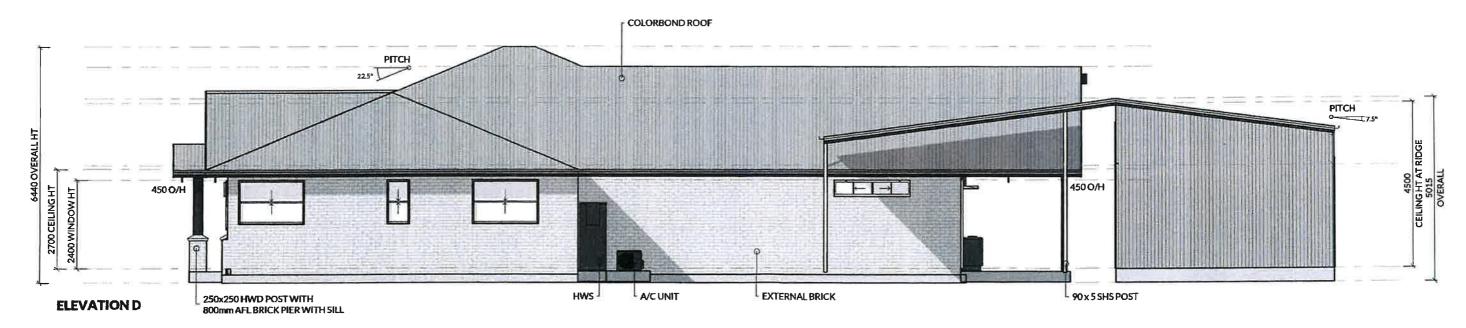
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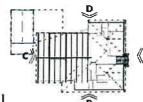
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WINDOW SCHEDULE				
MARK	SIZE	DESCRIPTION		
W1	1350 x 900	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W2	1350 x 900	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W3	350 x 2400	ALUM, FRAMED SLIDING WINDOW		
W4	1200 x 600	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W5	1200 x 600	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W6	1200 x 900	ALUM, FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W7	900 X 1500	ALUM, FRAMED FIXED GLASS		
W8	1500 x 2400	ALUM. FRAMED SLIDING WINDOW		
W9	2400 x 2100	ALUM. FRAMED SLIDING GLASS DOOR		
W10	2400 x 4200	ALUM. FRAMED SLIDING GLASS DOOR		
W11	450 x 2100	ALUM. FRAMED SLIDING WINDOW		
W12	1200 x 1800	ALUM, FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W13	1200 x 600	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W14	1200 x 1800	ALUM, FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W15	1350 x 600	ALUM, FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W16	1350 x 900	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W17	1350 x 900	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W18	1350 x 900	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W19	1350×900	ALUM, FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W20	1350 x 600	ALUM. FRAMED DOUBLE HUNG		
W21	1200 x 1200	ALUM, FRAMED SLIDING WINDOW		
W22	1200 x 1200	ALUM, FRAMED SLIDING WINDOW		





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| PLAN NUMBER:

BUILDERS NUMBER:

AREI PLAN CODE: AREI DESIGNS

THINK QUALITY **BUILDERS** DRAWING NAME:

**ELEVATIONS C&D** 

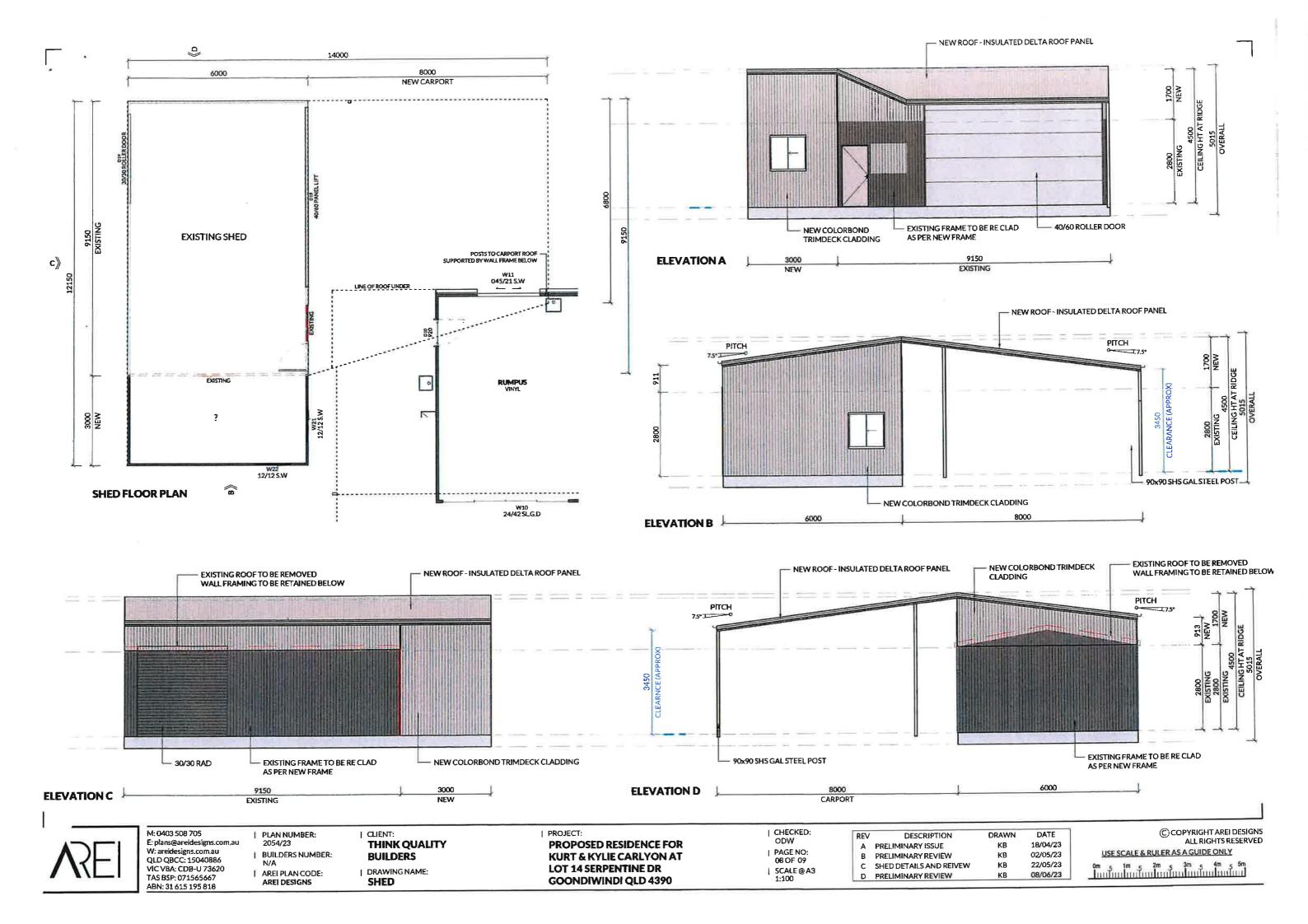
PROPOSED RESIDENCE FOR **KURT & KYLIE CARLYON AT LOT 14 SERPENTINE DR GOONDIWINDI QLD 4390** 

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DESCRIPTION DRAWN DATE 18/04/23 A PRELIMINARY ISSUE ΚB PRELIMINARY REVIEW KΒ 02/05/23 C SHED DETAILS AND REIVEW 22/05/23 08/04/23 D PRELIMINARY REVIEW

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GOONDIWINDI REGIONAL COUNCIL
Approved Plan referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Approved Plan referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Council Reference: 23/26

Dated: 27/07/2023

Signed: RM'MONO

(Under Delegation) ASSESSMENT MANAGER



Attachment 3 – Notice about decision - Statement of reasons



# Notice about decision - Statement of reasons

The following information is provided in accordance with section 63 (5) of the Planning Act 2016 and must be published on the assessment managers website.

The development application for <u>"Accommodation activities" – "Dwelling F</u>	House" (Oversized Domestic
Outbuilding)	<del></del>
23/26	
9 Serpentine Drive, Goondiwindi	
Lot 14 on SP127660	
On <u>26 July 2023</u> , the above development application was:	
approved in full or	
approved in part for	or
□ approved in full with conditions or	
approved in part for	, with conditions or
refused.	

## 1. Reasons for the decision

The reasons for this decision are:

Having regard to the relevant criteria in the Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018, the
proposed development satisfied all relevant criteria, and was approved subject to appropriate,
relevant and reasonable conditions.

### 2. Assessment benchmarks

The following are the benchmarks applying for this development:

Benchmarks applying for the development	Benchmark reference
General Residential Zone Code	PO1-PO5

# 3. Compliance with benchmarks

# Benchmark reference

#### AO2.1

Site cover does not exceed 50%.

## Where in Goondiwindi:

#### AO2.2

Domestic outbuildings do not exceed the following dimensions:

Land size (m²)	Gross Floor Area <sup>1</sup> (m <sup>2</sup> )	Max Ht	Door Ht
600 – 800	91	4m	3m
801 – 1,000	120	4m	3m
1,001 <del>-</del> 1,200	150	4m	3m
1,201 – greater	200	6m	4m

# Reasons for the approval despite noncompliance with benchmark

### Complies

Site cover remains below 50%.

#### Alternative Solution

The proposed domestic outbuilding will have a total area of 136.7m², which exceeds the 120m² limit for the 1,000m² allotment. The proposal is not considered to dominate the premises and retains adequate area on the site for landscaping and private open space opportunities. The shed will be designed to complement the character of the zone.

#### AO3.1

Buildings and structures, other than *garden structures*, are *setback* a minimum of:

- (a) 6 metres from the primary road frontage; and
- (b) 4.5 metres from a secondary road frontage.

#### AO3.2

Buildings and structures, other than *garden structures*, are *setback* a minimum of 1.5 metres from each side boundary and rear boundary.

#### AO3.3

Extensions to existing buildings and structures already located within the boundary setback:

(a) the existing building line is maintained

#### AO3.4

Replacement of an existing building and structure, where the existing building and structure was located within the boundary setback:

(a) the new building boundary setback is no closer to any property boundary than the existing building being replaced.

#### Alternative Solution

The house is set back 5.2m (to the outermost projection), with the bulk of the house set back 6m. The proposed shed will not encroach on the road frontage setbacks.

### **Complies AO3.3**

The existing shed is set back 1m from the side boundary. The proposed extension will retain this reduced setback. The proposed extension along the eastern boundary will be open and is not considered to detract from the amenity of the adjoining premises.

### **Not Applicable**

# 4. Relevant matters for impact assessable development

# 5. Matters raised in submissions for impact assessable development

#### 6. Matters prescribed by Regulation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Gross floor area is the maximum cumulative total for all *Domestic outbuildings* on site.



# Attachment 4 – Planning Act 2016 Extracts



# EXTRACT FROM PLANNING ACT 2016 RELATING TO APPEAL RIGHTS

# Chapter 6 Dispute Resolution, Part 1 Appeal Rights

#### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
  - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
    - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
    - (ii) only a tribunal; or
    - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
  - (b) the person-
    - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
    - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
    - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
  - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
  - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
  - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
  - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
  - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the

- deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
- (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

- See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.
- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
  - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
  - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund-
    - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
    - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

#### 230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
  - (a) is in the approved form; and
  - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
  - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
  - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
  - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each

- principal submitter for the development application; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application;
   and
- (e) each person who may elect to become a corespondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

### (4) The service period is-

- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

#### 231 Other appeals

- (1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.

(4) In this section-

#### decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

**non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

#### 232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

#### Part 2 Development tribunal

#### Division 1 General

#### 233 Appointment of referees

- (1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—
  - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
  - (b) has demonstrated an ability-
    - (i) to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and

- (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
- (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
- (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

#### (2) The appointer may—

- (a) appoint a referee for the term, of not more than 3 years, stated in the appointment notice;
- (b) reappoint a referee, by notice, for further terms of not more than 3 years.
- (3) If an appointer appoints a public service officer as a referee, the officer holds the appointment concurrently with any other appointment that the officer holds in the public service.
- (4) A referee must not sit on a tribunal unless the referee has given a declaration, in the approved form and signed by the referee, to the chief executive.
- (5) The appointer may cancel a referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the appointer, to the referee.
- (6) A referee may resign the referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the referee, to the appointer.
- (7) In this section—

### appointment notice means-

- (a) if the Minister gives the notice—a gazette notice; or
- (b) if the chief executive gives the notice—a notice given to the person appointed as a referee.

#### 234 Referee with conflict of interest

- (1) This section applies if the chief executive informs a referee that the chief executive proposes to appoint the referee as a tribunal member, and either or both of the following apply—
  - (a) the tribunal is to hear a matter about premises—
    - (i) the referee owns; or

- (ii) for which the referee was, is, or is to be, an architect, builder, drainer, engineer, planner, plumber, plumbing inspector, certifier, site evaluator or soil assessor; or
- (iii) for which the referee has been, is, or will be, engaged by any party in the referee's capacity as an accountant, lawyer or other professional; or
- (iv) situated or to be situated in the area of a local government of which the referee is an officer, employee or councillor;
- (b) the referee has a direct or indirect personal interest in a matter to be considered by the tribunal, and the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the referee's functions for the tribunal's consideration of the matter.
- (2) However, this section does not apply to a referee only because the referee previously acted in relation to the preparation of a relevant local planning instrument.
- (3) The referee must notify the chief executive that this section applies to the referee, and on doing so, the chief executive must not appoint the referee to the tribunal.
- (4) If a tribunal member is, or becomes, aware the member should not have been appointed to the tribunal, the member must not act, or continue to act, as a member of the tribunal.

### 235 Establishing development tribunal

- (1) The chief executive may at any time establish a tribunal, consisting of up to 5 referees, for tribunal proceedings.
- (2) The chief executive may appoint a referee for tribunal proceedings if the chief executive considers the referee has the qualifications or experience for the proceedings.
- (3) The chief executive must appoint a referee as the chairperson for each tribunal.
- (4) A regulation may specify the qualifications or experience required for particular proceedings.
- (5) After a tribunal is established, the tribunal's membership must not be changed.

#### 236 Remuneration

A tribunal member must be paid the remuneration the Governor in Council decides.

#### 237 Tribunal proceedings

- A tribunal must ensure all persons before the tribunal are afforded natural justice.
- (2) A tribunal must make its decisions in a timely way.
- (3) A tribunal may-
  - (a) conduct its business as the tribunal considers appropriate, subject to a regulation made for this section; and
  - (b) sit at the times and places the tribunal decides; and
  - (c) hear an appeal and application for a declaration together; and
  - (d) hear 2 or more appeals or applications for a declaration together.
- (4) A regulation may provide for-
  - (a) the way in which a tribunal is to operate, including the qualifications of the chairperson of the tribunal for particular proceedings; or
  - (b) the required fee for tribunal proceedings.

#### 238 Registrar and other officers

- The chief executive may, by gazette notice, appoint—
  - (a) a registrar; and
  - (b) other officers (including persons who are public service officers) as the chief executive considers appropriate to help a tribunal perform its functions.
- (2) A person may hold the appointment or assist concurrently with any other public service appointment that the person holds.

### Division 2 Applications for declarations

### 239 Starting proceedings for declarations

- (1) A person may start proceedings for a declaration by a tribunal by filing an application, in the approved form, with the registrar.
- (2) The application must be accompanied by the required fee.

# 240 Application for declaration about making of development application

- (1) The following persons may start proceedings for a declaration about whether a development application is properly made—
  - (a) the applicant;
  - (b) the assessment manager.
- (2) However, a person may not seek a declaration under this section about whether a development application is accompanied by the written consent of the owner of the premises to the application.
- (3) The proceedings must be started by-
  - (a) the applicant within 20 business days after receiving notice from the assessment manager, under the development assessment rules, that the development application is not properly made; or
  - (b) the assessment manager within 10 business days after receiving the development application.
- (4) The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.
- (5) In this section—

#### respondent means-

- (a) if the applicant started the proceedings—the assessment manager; or
- (b) if the assessment manager started the proceedings—the applicant.

# 241 Application for declaration about change to development approval

- This section applies to a change application for a development approval if—
  - (a) the approval is for a material change of use of premises that involves the use of a classified building; and
  - (b) the responsible entity for the change application is not the P&E Court.
- (2) The applicant, or responsible entity, for the change application may start proceedings for a

- declaration about whether the proposed change to the approval is a minor change.
- (3) The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.
- (4) In this section-

#### respondent means-

- (a) if the applicant started the proceedings—the responsible entity; or
- (b) if the responsible entity started the proceedings—the applicant.

# Division 3 Tribunal proceedings for appeals and declarations

#### 242 Action when proceedings start

If a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed with the registrar within the period required under this Act, and is accompanied by the required fee, the chief executive must—

- (a) establish a tribunal for the proceedings; and
- (b) appoint 1 of the referees for the tribunal as the tribunal's chairperson, in the way required under a regulation; and
- (c) give notice of the establishment of the tribunal to each party to the proceedings.

#### 243 Chief executive excusing noncompliance

- (1) This section applies if-
  - (a) the registrar receives a document purporting to start tribunal proceedings, accompanied by the required fee; and
  - (b) the document does not comply with any requirement under this Act for validly starting the proceedings.
- (2) The chief executive must consider the document and decide whether or not it is reasonable in the circumstances to excuse the noncompliance (because it would not cause substantial injustice in the proceedings, for example).
- (3) If the chief executive decides not to excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive must give a notice stating that the document is of no effect,

- because of the noncompliance, to the person who filed the document.
- (4) The chief executive must give the notice within 10 business days after the document is given to the chief executive.
- (5) If the chief executive does excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive may act under section 242 as if the noncompliance had not happened.

### 244 Ending tribunal proceedings or establishing new tribunal

(1) The chief executive may decide not to establish a tribunal when a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed, if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal.

Examples of when it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal—

- there are no qualified referees or insufficient qualified referees because of a conflict of interest
- the referees who are available will not be able to decide the proceedings in a timely way
- (2) If the chief executive considers a tribunal established for tribunal proceedings—
  - (a) does not have the expertise to hear or decide the proceedings; or
  - (b) is not able to make a decision for proceedings (because of a tribunal member's conflict of interest, for example); the chief executive may decide to suspend the proceedings and establish another tribunal, complying with section 242(c), to hear or re-hear the proceedings.
- (3) However, the chief executive may instead decide to end the proceedings if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish another tribunal to hear or re-hear the proceedings.
- (4) If the chief executive makes a decision under subsection (1) or (3), the chief executive must give a decision notice about the decision to the parties to the proceedings.
- (5) Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the chief

- executive gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.
- (6) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (5).

#### 245 Refunding fees

The chief executive may, but need not, refund all or part of the fee paid to start proceedings if the chief executive decides under section 244—

- (a) not to establish a tribunal; or
- (b) to end the proceedings.

#### 246 Further material for tribunal proceedings

- (1) The registrar may, at any time, ask a person to give the registrar any information that the registrar reasonably requires for the proceedings.
  - Examples of information that the registrar may require—
  - material about the proceedings (plans, for example)
  - information to help the chief executive decide whether to excuse noncompliance under section 243
  - for a deemed refusal—a statement of the reasons why the entity responsible for deciding the application had not decided the application during the period for deciding the application.
- (2) The person must give the information to the registrar within 10 business days after the registrar asks for the information.

# 247 Representation of Minister if State interest involved

If, before tribunal proceedings are decided, the Minister decides the proceedings involve a State interest, the Minister may be represented in the proceedings.

#### 248 Representation of parties at hearing

A party to tribunal proceedings may appear-

- (a) in person; or
- (b) by an agent who is not a lawyer.

### 249 Conduct of tribunal proceedings

- (1) Subject to section 237, the chairperson of a tribunal must decide how tribunal proceedings are to be conducted.
- (2) The tribunal may decide the proceedings on submissions if the parties agree.
- (3) If the proceedings are to be decided on submissions, the tribunal must give all parties a notice asking for the submissions to be made to the tribunal within a stated reasonable period.
- (4) Otherwise, the tribunal must give notice of the time and place of the hearing to all parties.
- (5) The tribunal may decide the proceedings without a party's submission (written or oral) if—
  - (a) for proceedings to be decided on submissions—the party's submission is not received within the time stated in the notice given under subsection (3); or
  - (b) for proceedings to be decided by hearing the person, or the person's agent, does not appear at the hearing.
- (6) When hearing proceedings, the tribunal-
  - (a) need not proceed in a formal way; and
  - (b) is not bound by the rules of evidence; and
  - (c) may inform itself in the way it considers appropriate; and
  - (d) may seek the views of any person; and
  - (e) must ensure all persons appearing before the tribunal have a reasonable opportunity to be heard; and
  - (f) may prohibit or regulate questioning in the hearing.
- (7) If, because of the time available for the proceedings, a person does not have an opportunity to be heard, or fully heard, the person may make a submission to the tribunal.

#### 250 Tribunal directions or orders

A tribunal may, at any time during tribunal proceedings, make any direction or order that the tribunal considers appropriate.

Examples of directions—

- a direction to an applicant about how to make their development application comply with this Act
- a direction to an assessment manager to assess a development application, even though the referral agency's response to the assessment manager was to refuse the application

#### 251 Matters tribunal may consider

- (1) This section applies to tribunal proceedings about—
  - (a) a development application or change application; or
  - (b) an application or request (however called) under the Building Act or the Plumbing and Drainage Act.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the proceedings based on the laws in effect when—
  - (a) the application or request was properly made; or
  - (b) if the application or request was not required to be properly made—the application or request was made.
- (3) However, the tribunal may give the weight that the tribunal considers appropriate, in the circumstances, to any new laws.

# 252 Deciding no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings

- (1) A tribunal may decide that the tribunal has no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings, at any time before the proceedings are decided—
  - (a) on the tribunal's initiative; or
  - (b) on the application of a party.
- (2) If the tribunal decides that the tribunal has no jurisdiction, the tribunal must give a decision notice about the decision to all parties to the proceedings.
- (3) Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the tribunal gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.

- (4) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (3).
- (5) If the tribunal decides to end the proceedings, the fee paid to start the proceedings is not refundable.

#### 253 Conduct of appeals

- (1) This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal.
- (2) Generally, the appellant must establish the appeal should be upheld.
- (3) However, for an appeal by the recipient of an enforcement notice, the enforcement authority that gave the notice must establish the appeal should be dismissed.
- (4) The tribunal must hear and decide the appeal by way of a reconsideration of the evidence that was before the person who made the decision appealed against.
- (5) However, the tribunal may, but need not, consider—
  - (a) other evidence presented by a party to the appeal with leave of the tribunal; or
  - (b) any information provided under section 246.

### 254 Deciding appeals to tribunal

- (1) This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal against a decision.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the appeal by-
  - (a) confirming the decision; or
  - (b) changing the decision; or
  - (c) replacing the decision with another decision; or
  - (d) setting the decision aside, and ordering the person who made the decision to remake the decision by a stated time; or
  - (e) for a deemed refusal of an application-
    - (i) ordering the entity responsible for deciding the application to decide the application by a stated time and, if the entity does not comply with the order, deciding the application; or
    - (ii) deciding the application.

- (3) However, the tribunal must not make a change, other than a minor change, to a development application.
- (4) The tribunal's decision takes the place of the decision appealed against.
- (5) The tribunal's decision starts to have effect-
  - (a) if a party does not appeal the decision—at the end of the appeal period for the decision; or
  - (b) if a party appeals against the decision to the P&E Court—subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal ends.

#### 255 Notice of tribunal's decision

A tribunal must give a decision notice about the tribunal's decision for tribunal proceedings, other than for any directions or interim orders given by the tribunal, to all parties to proceedings.

#### 256 No costs orders

A tribunal must not make any order as to costs.

# 257 Recipient's notice of compliance with direction or order

If a tribunal directs or orders a party to do something, the party must notify the registrar when the thing is done.

#### 258 Tribunal may extend period to take action

- (1) This section applies if, under this chapter, an action for tribunal proceedings must be taken within a stated period or before a stated time, even if the period has ended or the time has passed.
- (2) The tribunal may allow a longer period or a different time to take the action if the tribunal considers there are sufficient grounds for the extension.

#### 259 Publication of tribunal decisions

The registrar must publish tribunal decisions under the arrangements, and in the way, that the chief executive decides.

#### Schedule 1 Appeals

#### section 229

#### Appeal rights and parties to appeals

- (1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—
  - (a) the P&E court; or
  - (b) a tribunal.
- (2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—
  - (a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval for-
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—
    - (i) a material change of use for a classified building; or
    - (ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or
  - (d) a development condition if-
    - (i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and
    - (ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and
    - (iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or
  - (e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or
  - (f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change

application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or

- (g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or
- (h) a decision to give an enforcement notice-
  - (i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or
  - (ii) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or
- (i) an infrastructure charges notice; or
- (j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or
- (I) a matter prescribed by regulation.
- (3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—
  - (a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—
    - (i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and
    - (ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or
  - (b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.
- (4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.
- (5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.
- (6) In each table—
  - (a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and
  - (b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and
  - (c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and
  - (d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.

- (7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.
- (8) In this section—

storey see the Building Code, part A1.1.

#### Table 1

# Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal

1. Development applications

For a development application other than a development application called in by the

Minister, an appeal may be made against—

- (a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or
- (b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or
- (c) a provision of the development approval; or
- (d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

# EXTRACT FROM THE PLANNING ACT 2016 RELATING TO LAPSE DATES

# Division 4 Lapsing of and extending development approvals

#### 85 Lapsing of approval at end of current period

- (1) A part of a development approval lapses at the end of the following period (the currency period)—
  - (a) for any part of the development approval relating to a material change of use—if the first change of use does not happen within—
    - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
    - (ii) if no period is stated—6 years after the approval starts to have effect;
  - (b) for any part of the development approval relating to reconfiguring a lot—if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within—
    - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
    - (ii) if no period is stated—4 years after the approval starts to have effect;
  - (c) for any other part of the development approval if the development does not substantially start within—
    - (i) the period stated for that part of the approval; or
    - (ii) if no period is stated—2 years after the approval starts to take effect.
- (2) If part of a development approval lapses, any monetary security given for that part of the approval must be released.