

File: 25/05  
Date: 25 March 2025

ALH Group Pty Ltd  
C/- Bartley Burns Town Planning  
Unit 10 / 16 Metroplex Avenue  
**MURARRIE QLD 4172**

Attention: Ben Lewis

Dear Ben

**Referral Agency Response –approval (with conditions)  
Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme  
Lot 45 on G471, 69-79 Marshall Street, Goondiwindi**

We wish to advise that on 19 March 2025 a decision was made to approve the application for *Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme – Alterations to a Local Heritage Place* at Lot 45 on G471, 69-79 Marshall Street, Goondiwindi. In accordance with the *Planning Act 2016*, please find attached Concurrence Agency Response for the application.

Please read the conditions carefully as these include actions which must be undertaken **prior to the commencement of the works** as well as ongoing requirements.

All conditions are required to be either complied with or bonded prior to the commencement of the works. Please note **Condition 20**, which requires a letter to be submitted to Council prior to commencement of the works, outlining and demonstrating compliance with each condition.

The applicant is required to **notify Council in writing of the date of the commencement** of the works, within fourteen (14) business days of commencement.

If you require any further information, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on (07) 4671 7400 or [rmcmahon@grc.qld.gov.au](mailto:rmcmahon@grc.qld.gov.au), who will be pleased to assist.

Yours faithfully



**Ronnie McMahon**  
Manager of Planning Services  
Goondiwindi Regional Council

## Decision Notice approval

### Planning Act 2016 section 22

Council File Reference: 25/05  
Council Contact: Mrs Ronnie McMahon: PD  
Council Contact Phone: (07) 4671 7400

25 March 2025

**Applicant Details:** ALH Group Pty Ltd  
C/- Bartley Burns Town Planning  
Unit 10 / 16 Metroplex Avenue  
MURARRIE QLD 4172

Attention: Ben Lewis

The development application described below was properly made to Goondiwindi Regional Council on 6 February 2025.

#### Applicant details

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Applicant name: ALH Group Pty Ltd  
Applicant contact details: C/- Bartley Burns Town Planning  
Unit 10 / 16 Metroplex Avenue, Murarrie Q 4172  
[ben@bartleyburns.com.au](mailto:ben@bartleyburns.com.au)  
0403 383 064

#### Application details

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Application number: 25/05  
Referral Trigger: Schedule 10, Part 8, Division 1, Subdivision 3, Table 1,  
Item 1 of the *Planning Regulation 2017*  
Details of proposed development: Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme –  
Alterations to a Local Heritage Place

#### Location details

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Street address: 69-79 Marshall Street, Goondiwindi  
Real property description: Lot 45 on G471

#### Decision

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Date of decision: 19 March 2025  
Decision details: Approved in full with conditions. These conditions are set out  
in Attachment 1

### Details of the approval

The application is not taken to be approved (a deemed approval) under section 64(5) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The following approvals are given:

	Planning Regulation 2017 reference	Concurrence Agency Response
Development on a local heritage place (other than a Queensland heritage place) - building work assessable under the <i>Building Act 1975</i> - building work assessable under the planning scheme - plumbing or drainage work - material change of use - reconfiguring a lot - operational work	Schedule 10, part 8, division 1, subdivision 1	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>

### Conditions

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

### Further development permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

1. Development Permit – Building Works

### Properly made submissions

Not applicable—No part of the application required public notification.

### Approved plans and specifications

Copies of the following plans are enclosed.

Drawing Number	Title	Date
A10.01	Demolition Ground Floor Plan	04.12.24
A10.02	Proposed Ground Floor Plan	04.12.24
A10.11	Demolition Level 1 Plan	04.12.24
A10.12	Proposed Level 1 Plan	04.12.24

### Advice for Assessment Manager

The Assessment Manager is required, under Section 62 of *Planning Act 2016*, to include the Referral Agency response issued by Council (including the attached conditions), which must be attached to the approval.

The Assessment Manager is required, under Section 63 of the *Planning Act 2016*, to provide a copy of the approval granted for the development, to Council as a Referral Agency for the application, within 5 business days after the decision is made.

## **Rights of appeal**

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For certain applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

### Appeal by an applicant

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

**Attachment 4** is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets out the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

To stay informed about any appeal proceedings which may relate to this decision visit: <https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/planning/our-planning-system/dispute-resolution/pe-court-database>.

**Attachment 3** is a Notice about decision - Statement of reasons, in accordance with section 63 (5) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

If you wish to discuss this matter further, please contact Council's Manager of Planning Services, Mrs Ronnie McMahon, on 07 4671 7400.

Yours Sincerely



**Ronnie McMahon**  
Manager of Planning Services  
Goondiwindi Regional Council

enc     Attachment 1—Concurrence agency conditions  
         Attachment 2—Approved Plans  
         Attachment 3—Notice about decision – Statement of reasons  
         Attachment 4—*Planning Act 2016* Extracts



## **ATTACHMENTS**

**Attachment 1 – Concurrence Agency Conditions**

**Attachment 2 – Approved Plans**

**Attachment 3 – Notice about decision - Statement of reasons**

**Attachment 4 – *Planning Act 2016* Extracts**

*Planning Act 2016 appeal provisions*

*Planning Act 2016 lapse dates*



## **Attachment 1 – Concurrency Agency Conditions**



## **Assessment Manager's Conditions**

<b>Description:</b>	<i>Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme – Alterations to a Local Heritage Place</i>
<b>Development:</b>	Concurrence Agency Response
<b>Applicant:</b>	Bartley Burns on behalf of ALH Group Pty Ltd
<b>Address:</b>	69-79 Marshall Street, Goondiwindi
<b>Real Property Description:</b>	Lot 45 on G471
<b>Council File Reference:</b>	25/05

	GENERAL CONDITIONS															
1.	<p>Approval is granted for the purpose of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><i>Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme – Alterations to a Local Heritage Place</i></li></ul> <p>as defined in the <i>Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2)</i>.</p>															
2.	All conditions must be complied with or bonded prior to the commencement of the works, unless specified in an individual condition.															
3.	<p>Except where changed by conditions of this approval, the development shall be in accordance with supporting information supplied by the applicant with the development application including the following plans:</p> <table><tr><th>Drawing Number</th><th>Title</th><th>Date</th></tr><tr><td>A10.01</td><td>Demolition Ground Floor Plan</td><td>04.12.24</td></tr><tr><td>A10.02</td><td>Proposed Ground Floor Plan</td><td>04.12.24</td></tr><tr><td>A10.11</td><td>Demolition Level 1 Plan</td><td>04.12.24</td></tr><tr><td>A10.12</td><td>Proposed Level 1 Plan</td><td>04.12.24</td></tr></table> <p>Please note the plans are not approved Building Plans.</p>	Drawing Number	Title	Date	A10.01	Demolition Ground Floor Plan	04.12.24	A10.02	Proposed Ground Floor Plan	04.12.24	A10.11	Demolition Level 1 Plan	04.12.24	A10.12	Proposed Level 1 Plan	04.12.24
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A10.12	Proposed Level 1 Plan	04.12.24														

4.	<p>Complete and maintain the approved development as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) Generally in accordance with development approval documents; and</li> <li>(ii) Strictly in accordance with those parts of the approved development which have been specified in detail by the Council unless Council agrees in writing that those parts will be adequately complied with by amended specifications.</li> </ul> <p>All development shall comply with any relevant provisions in the <i>Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2)</i>, Council's standard designs for applicable work and any relevant Australian Standard that applies to that type of work.</p> <p>The development approval documents are the material contained in the development application, approved plans and supporting documentation including any written and electronic correspondence between applicant, Council or any relevant Agencies during all stages of the development application assessment processes.</p>
5.	<p>Prior to any construction work commencing on the site as a result of this approval, a Development Approval to undertake Building Work is to be obtained either from a Licensed Building Surveyor (Certifier) or Goondiwindi Regional Council.</p>
6.	<p>Prior to commencement of works, an archival quality photographic documentary of the building which documents the features of the Local Heritage Place being impacted is to be compiled and submitted to Council.</p>
	<p><b>STORMWATER</b></p>
7.	<p>Stormwater shall not be allowed to pond on the site during the development process and after development has been completed unless the type and size of ponding has been agreed in writing by Council.</p> <p>No ponding, concentration or redirection of stormwater shall occur on adjoining properties unless specifically agreed to in writing by Council and the owners of any adjoining properties affected by these changes.</p>



	<b>EARTHWORKS AND EROSION CONTROL</b>
<b>8.</b>	<p>All works associated with the development must be carried out in a manner that minimises erosion and controls sediment. Best practice erosion and sediment control measures shall be in place at the location of all works prior to work commencing and remain until work is completed in accordance with Schedule 6.2 – Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Land Development Standards of the <i>Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018 (Version 2)</i> or in accordance with other relevant engineering standards to the satisfaction of and at no cost to Council.</p> <p>Control procedures are to be established to ensure sediment from the site is not deposited off site. The developer shall ensure no increase in any silt loads or contaminants in overland flow from the site during the development process and after development has been completed.</p>
	<b>AVOIDING NUISANCE</b>
<b>9.</b>	<p>At all times while the use continues, the development shall be conducted in accordance with the provision of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> (the Act) and all relevant regulation and standards under the Act.</p> <p>Noise during construction period – must not carry out Building Work, if the noise is audible:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) At any time, on a Sunday or public holiday; or</li> <li>b) Before 6:30am or after 6:30pm, on a Saturday or business day.</li> </ul>
<b>10.</b>	<p>At all times while the use continues it shall be operated in such a manner as to ensure that no nuisance shall arise to adjoining premises as a result of dust, noise, lighting, odour, vibration, rubbish, contaminants, stormwater discharge or siltation or any other potentially detrimental impact.</p> <p>Roof water drainage from structures/buildings and the yard area is to be discharged to a Council approved drainage system.</p>
<b>11.</b>	The operator shall be responsible for mitigating any complaint arising from on-site operations.
<b>12.</b>	<p>Construction works must occur so they do not cause unreasonable interference with the amenity of adjoining premises.</p> <p>The site must be kept in a clean and tidy state at all times during construction.</p>
<b>13.</b>	Construction waste is to be contained within an approved skip container or enclosed trailer on site to ensure litter does not become an issue off site. All waste is to be disposed of at the Inglewood Waste Facility. Separation of waste can achieve cost savings when delivering waste to the Waste Facility.

14.	At all times while the use continues, any air conditioning equipment shall be acoustically screened to ensure noise levels do not exceed 5dB(A) above the background noise level measured at the boundaries of the subject site.
<b>DEVELOPER'S RESPONSIBILITIES</b>	
15.	Any alteration or damage to roads and/or public infrastructure that is attributable to the progress of works or associated with the use of the site shall be repaired to Council's satisfaction or the cost of repairs paid to Council.
16.	It is the developer's responsibility to ensure that any contractors and subcontractors have current, relevant and appropriate qualifications and insurances in place to carry out the works.
17.	The developer shall be responsible for meeting all costs reasonably associated with the approved development, unless there is specific agreement by other parties, including the Council, to meeting those costs.
18.	At all times while the use continues, all requirements of the conditions of the development approval must be maintained.
<b>COMMENCEMENT OF USE</b>	
19.	<p>At its discretion, Council may accept bonds or other securities to ensure completion of specified development approval conditions or Council may accept cash payments for Council to undertake the necessary work to ensure completion of specified development approval conditions.</p> <p>It may be necessary for Council to use such bonds for the completion of outstanding works without a specific timeframe agreed.</p> <p>The decision to accept bonds or other securities to satisfy a condition will be that of Council, not the applicant.</p>
20.	A letter outlining and demonstrating that conditions have been, or will be, complied with shall be submitted to Council and approved by a relevant Officer of Council prior to commencement of the works. Council Officers may require a physical inspection to confirm that all conditions have been satisfied to relevant standards.

	<b>PLEASE READ CAREFULLY - NOTES AND ADVICE</b>
	<p>When approval takes effect</p> <p>This approval takes effect in accordance with section 85 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i>.</p> <p>When approval lapses</p> <p>This approval will lapse if the change of use has not occurred within the following period, in accordance with the provisions contained in section 85(i)(c) of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i>.</p> <p>(a) If no period stated – 2 years after the approval starts to have effect.</p> <p>Section 86 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> sets out how an extension to the period of approval can be requested.</p>
	<p>It is the applicant's responsibility to obtain all statutory approvals prior to commencement of any works onsite.</p>
	<p>This approval in no way removes the duty of care responsibility of the applicant under the <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>. Pursuant to Section 23(1) of the <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>, a person who carries out an activity must take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage (the "cultural heritage duty of care").</p>
	<p>This approval in no way authorises the clearing of native vegetation protected under the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i>.</p>
	<p>The approved development does not authorise any deviation from the applicable Australian Standards nor from the application of any laws, including laws covering work place health and safety.</p>



## **Attachment 2 – Approved Plans**




GENERAL NOTES  
(these notes apply to all drawings)

- These designs, drawings and special clauses are copyright and the property of Cayas + Ward and must not be used, reproduced or copied in any way without the written permission of Cayas + Ward
- Do not make any signed amendments or reference to said designs
- All dimensions must be checked on site prior to the commencement of construction and must be a reflection of any signed drawings
- Where demolition works are included, allow a make good of affected surfaces
- Ensure I will be notified of the building contractor are completed
- Where amongst others for a signpost, etc., Cayas + Ward shall be contacted for their approval, or I will be deemed that the terms expressed in this plan have been allowed
- I will be formally with relevant sectors of MCC and/or Australian Standards
- These drawings are to be made in conjunction with all other sector related, subjects for a consultation: design and construction
- The contractor is to allow for all necessary fire protection works
- Provide all warranties as per the manufacturer's suppliers and suppliers
- All materials, use, cement, fasteners, fittings, etc., shall be new, first quality without exception. Slightly different size, shape, installation, etc., to be as per the manufacturers most economic and suitable
- Supply & install fire signposts to comply with Australian Standards to the area of the proposed work
- Termite protection to be provided to comply with AS 3600
- The construction and fit out of commercial kitchen and cafe area is to comply with AS 4574-2004
- Builders to be used in regards that are proposed to have new floor and ceiling, that is a suitable, sustainable or proven to increase or above the specified floor and ceiling, to respect existing walls that are proposed to construct services and ensure that an adequate cavity is present or cavity

**GOONDIWINDI REGIONAL COUNCIL**  
Approved Plan referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Council Reference: 25/05

Dated: 25/03/2025

Signed: 

Print Name: Ronnie McMahon

(Under Delegation) ASSESSMENT MANAGER

C	DA Plans	PL	04.12.24
B	Consultant Issue	PL	26.06.24
A	Revised Plans	PI	05.10.23

# Cayas + Ward

Suite 2 19-25 Miss Ayrton, Kew Grove, PO Box 360, Ayrton C 406  
 017 3356 6130 • [kathryn@ayrton.com.au](mailto:kathryn@ayrton.com.au)  
 NINA: Nurturing Australia's Kindergarten, Janet Gair 886\*

ALH Group Pty Ltd

project	Victoria Hotel Goondiwindi
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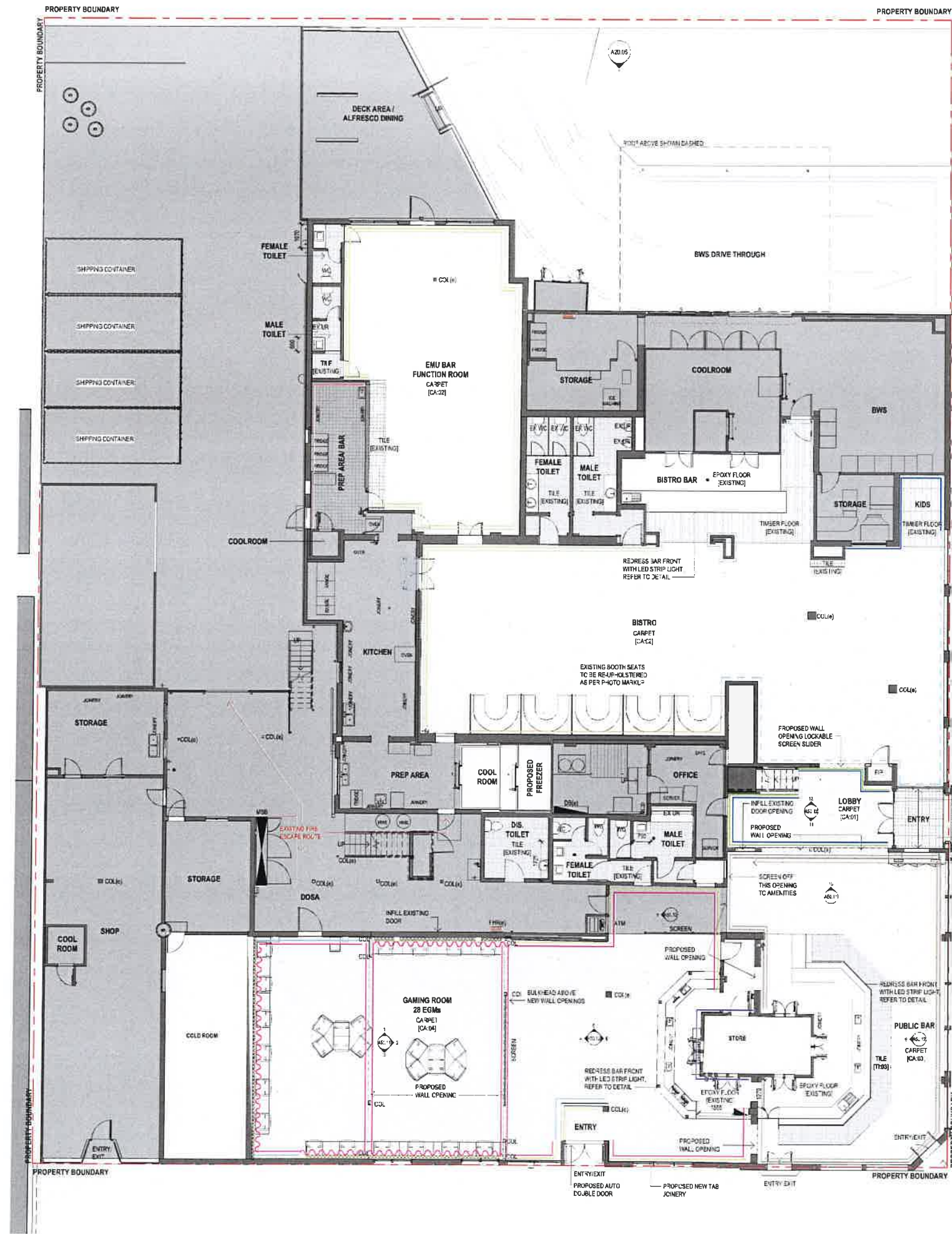
drawing title: **Demolition Ground Floor Plan**

dawn PL

DATE APRIL 2023  
 1:100@A

project no	drawing number	issue
2248	A10.01	C





- DA**  
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
- GENERAL NOTES:**  
(these notes apply to all drawings)
- These drawings, drawings and specifications are copyright and the property of Cayas + Ward and must not be used, reproduced or copied in any way without the written consent of Cayas + Ward.
  - Do not scale - use figured dimensions in preference to scaled dimensions.
  - All dimensions must be checked on site prior to the commencement of construction and/or manufacture of any item.
  - Where dimensions are included, allow to make good all affected surfaces.
  - Ensure that all conditions of the building certification are complied with.
  - Where appropriate, as a condition of sale, Cayas + Ward shall be contacted for clarification, or it will be deemed that the most appropriate solution has been achieved.
  - All work is to comply with all relevant sections of NCC and/or Australian Standards.
  - These drawings are to be used in conjunction with all other documentation, schedules & specifications.
  - The contractor is to allow for all necessary floor preparation works.
  - Provide all materials as per the manufacturer's supply's standard warranties.
  - All materials, equipment, fixtures, etc. shall be new, first quality without exception. Supply, delivery, etc. shall be to be as per the manufacturer's most recent written recommendations.
  - Supply & install fire extinguishers to comply with Australian Standards to the area of the premises work.
  - Termite protection is to be provided to comply with AS 3660 / 2003 and certification to be provided on completion.
  - The construction and fit out of all commercial kitchens and bars are to comply with AS 4374-2004.
  - Builder is to ensure that all walls that are proposed to have new finishes and ensure that a suitable substrate is present or is provided to achieve the specified finish. Builder to ensure existing walls that are proposed to remain are sound and that an adequate cavity is present or provide lining channels.

**GOONDIWINDI REGIONAL COUNCIL**  
Approved Plan referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Council Reference: 25/05

Dated: 25/03/2025

Signed: RM

Print Name: **Ronnie McMahon**  
(Under Delegation) ASSESSMENT MANAGER

**WALL FINISHES LEGEND**

CUR-01	PC-09
WP-01	PC-13
PC-01	PC-12
PC-02	PC-12
PC-05	PC-12
PC-05	TI-05
PC-06	WF-01
PC-08	
PC-10	

**Cayas + Ward**  
S.1 & 2 15-25 Mays Avenue, Gungahlin, ACT 2900  
Tel: 02 6206 6122 Email: info@cayasward.com.au  
New South Wales Pty Ltd. A10.02.25

Client: ALH Group Pty Ltd

Project: Victoria Hotel Goondiwindi

Drawing title: Proposed Ground Floor Plan

Drawn: PL

Date: APRIL 2023

As indicated@A1

Project no: 2248

Drawing number: A10.02

Scale: E



DEMOLISH EXISTING FLOOR FINISH  
DEMOLISH EXISTING SINK TO REPLACE WITH NEW

project no	drawing number	issue
2248	A10.11	B

### GENERAL NOTES

(these notes apply to all drawings)

- These designs, drawings and specifications are copyright and the property of Quays + Ward and must not be used or reproduced or copied wholly or in part without the written consent of Quays + Ward
- Do not scale - use figured dimensions in preference to scaled dimensions.
- All dimensions must be checked on site prior to the commencement of construction and manufacture of any item.
- Where detail is shown as indicated, please to make good all affected surfaces.
- Ensure that all dimensions of the building construction are correct.
- Where approval is a requirement, Quays + Ward shall be contacted for a sign-off, or, it will be deemed that the contractor has agreed to the design.
- All work is to comply with all relevant standards of NCC and other Australian Standards.
- Tolerances of design to be noted in conjunction with all other relevant standards and codes of practice and standards.
- The contractor is to allow for all necessary work preparation work.
- Prior to all work items as per the manufacturers & suppliers technical specifications.
- All materials, equipment, furniture, fittings etc. shall be new first quality unless apparent. Specially, delivery, damage, installation etc. It is to be on the manufacturers best priced and available.
- Supply & install 10mm thick upholders to comply with Australian Standards to the area of the process work.
- Termination is to be provided to comply with AS 1757-2000 and is to be provided on an upholder.
- The construction need to comply with commercial kitchen and bars are to comply with AS 1757-2000.
- Builder is instructed to sign write that are prepared to have a sign written and ensure that a suitable contractor is required to be provided to achieve the sign-off of upholder.
- Builder is instructed that they are prepared to ensure compliance and ensure that an adequate quality & present a viable final product.


BED SIZES LEGEND	
BED SIZE	Q
 KING SINGLE BED	1
 DOUBLE BED	
 QUEEN BED	2
 KING BED	

NOTE: Dotted line denotes 600mm distance around bed.

**GOONDIWINDI REGIONAL COUNCIL**  
Approved Plan referred to in Council's Decision Notice

Council Reference: 25/05

Dated: 25/03/2025

Signed: 

Print Name: Ronnie McMahon  
(Under Delegation) ASSESSMENT MANAGER

**1** Proposed Level 1 Plan  
1 : 100

Cayas  
+ Ward

Suite 2 19-25 Mass Avenue Salem, MA 01970 PO Box 260 A North Attle  
 01960 508 256 6136 e-mail: [info@daytonandson.com](mailto:info@daytonandson.com)  
 NEA: National Accredited Kimberly-Clark 626\*

client	ALH Group Pty Ltd
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proj=	Victoria Hotel Goondiwindi
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drawing title	Proposed Level 1 Plan
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1

DATE	APRIL 2023
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project no.	drawing number
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2248	A10.12
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**Attachment 3 – Notice about decision - Statement of reasons**



## ***Notice about decision - Statement of reasons***

The following information is provided in accordance with section 56 (7) of the Planning Act 2016 and must be published on the assessment managers website.

The development application for Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme – Alterations to a  
Local Heritage Place

25/05

69-79 Marshall Street, Goondiwindi

Lot 45 on G471

On 19 March 2025, the above development application was:

- ☐ approved in full or  
☐ approved in part for \_\_\_\_\_ or  
☐ approved in full with conditions or  
☐ approved in part for \_\_\_\_\_, with conditions or  
☐ refused.

### **1. Reasons for the decision**

The reasons for this decision are:

- Having regard to the relevant criteria Goondiwindi Region Planning Scheme 2018, the proposed development satisfied all relevant criteria, and was approved subject to appropriate, relevant and reasonable conditions.

### **2. Assessment benchmarks**

The following are the benchmarks applying for this development:

Benchmarks applying for the development	Benchmark reference
Heritage Overlay Code	PO1-PO4

### **3. Compliance with benchmarks**

Benchmark reference	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
<b>AO4.1</b> Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with <i>The Burra charter: The Australian International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) charter for places of cultural heritage significance</i> .	<b>Alternative Solution</b> No conservation management plan has been submitted. Based on the nature and scale of the proposed works, it is not considered a management plan is required.

Benchmark reference	Reasons for the approval despite non-compliance with benchmark
<b>AO4.2</b> An archival quality photographic record is made of the features of the place that are destroyed because of the development that meets the standards outlined in the Department of Environment and Heritage Protection Guideline: <i>Archival recording of heritage registered places</i> .	<b>Condition to comply</b> Conditions will be applied requiring archival quality photographic record of the internal building features prior to commencement of any building work. No photographic records have been submitted as part of the application.

**4. Relevant matters for impact assessable development**

**5. Matters raised in submissions for impact assessable development**

**6. Matters prescribed by Regulation**



**Attachment 5 – *Planning Act 2016* Extracts**



# EXTRACT FROM PLANNING ACT 2016 RELATING TO APPEAL RIGHTS

## Chapter 6 Dispute Resolution, Part 1 Appeal Rights

### 229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

(1) Schedule 1 states—

(a) matters that may be appealed to—

- (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
- (ii) only a tribunal; or
- (iii) only the P&E Court; and

(b) the person—

- (i) who may appeal a matter (the **appellant**); and
- (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.

(2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.

(3) The **appeal period** is—

- (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
- (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
- (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
- (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
- (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the

deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or

- (f) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

(4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.

(5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.

(6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—

(a) the adopted charge itself; or

(b) for a decision about an offset or refund—

- (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
- (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

### 230 Notice of appeal

(1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—

(a) is in the approved form; and

(b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.

(2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.

(3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

(a) the respondent for the appeal; and

(b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and

(c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, table 1, item 1—each

principal submitter for the development application; and

(d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the change application; and

(e) each person who may elect to become a co-respondent for the appeal, other than an eligible submitter who is not a principal submitter in an appeal under paragraph (c) or (d); and

(f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and

(g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

**(4) The service period is—**

(a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or

(b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.

(5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).

(6) A person elects to be a co-respondent by filing a notice of election, in the approved form, within 10 business days after the notice of appeal is given to the person.

**231 Other appeals**

(1) Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.

(2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.

(3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the Judicial Review Act 1991 in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.

**(4) In this section—**

**decision** includes—

(a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and

(b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and

(c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and

(d) a purported decision; and

(e) a deemed refusal.

**non-appealable**, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

(a) is final and conclusive; and

(b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity; and

(c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, a tribunal or another entity on any ground.

**232 Rules of the P&E Court**

(1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.

(2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

**Part 2 Development tribunal**

**Division 1 General**

**233 Appointment of referees**

(1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—

(a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and

(b) has demonstrated an ability—

(i) to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and

(ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and

(iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and

(iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

(2) The appointer may—

(a) appoint a referee for the term, of not more than 3 years, stated in the appointment notice; and

(b) reappoint a referee, by notice, for further terms of not more than 3 years.

(3) If an appointer appoints a public service officer as a referee, the officer holds the appointment concurrently with any other appointment that the officer holds in the public service.

(4) A referee must not sit on a tribunal unless the referee has given a declaration, in the approved form and signed by the referee, to the chief executive.

(5) The appointer may cancel a referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the appointer, to the referee.

(6) A referee may resign the referee's appointment at any time by giving a notice, signed by the referee, to the appointer.

(7) In this section—

**appointment notice means—**

(a) if the Minister gives the notice—a gazette notice; or

(b) if the chief executive gives the notice—a notice given to the person appointed as a referee.

#### **234 Referee with conflict of interest**

(1) This section applies if the chief executive informs a referee that the chief executive proposes to appoint the referee as a tribunal member, and either or both of the following apply—

(a) the tribunal is to hear a matter about premises—

(i) the referee owns; or

(ii) for which the referee was, is, or is to be, an architect, builder, drainer, engineer, planner, plumber, plumbing inspector, certifier, site evaluator or soil assessor; or

(iii) for which the referee has been, is, or will be, engaged by any party in the referee's capacity as an accountant, lawyer or other professional; or

(iv) situated or to be situated in the area of a local government of which the referee is an officer, employee or councillor;

(b) the referee has a direct or indirect personal interest in a matter to be considered by the tribunal, and the interest could conflict with the proper performance of the referee's functions for the tribunal's consideration of the matter.

(2) However, this section does not apply to a referee only because the referee previously acted in relation to the preparation of a relevant local planning instrument.

(3) The referee must notify the chief executive that this section applies to the referee, and on doing so, the chief executive must not appoint the referee to the tribunal.

(4) If a tribunal member is, or becomes, aware the member should not have been appointed to the tribunal, the member must not act, or continue to act, as a member of the tribunal.

#### **235 Establishing development tribunal**

(1) The chief executive may at any time establish a tribunal, consisting of up to 5 referees, for tribunal proceedings.

(2) The chief executive may appoint a referee for tribunal proceedings if the chief executive considers the referee has the qualifications or experience for the proceedings.

(3) The chief executive must appoint a referee as the chairperson for each tribunal.

(4) A regulation may specify the qualifications or experience required for particular proceedings.

(5) After a tribunal is established, the tribunal's membership must not be changed.

### **236 Remuneration**

*A tribunal member must be paid the remuneration the Governor in Council decides.*

### **237 Tribunal proceedings**

*(1) A tribunal must ensure all persons before the tribunal are afforded natural justice.*

*(2) A tribunal must make its decisions in a timely way.*

*(3) A tribunal may—*

*(a) conduct its business as the tribunal considers appropriate, subject to a regulation made for this section; and*

*(b) sit at the times and places the tribunal decides; and*

*(c) hear an appeal and application for a declaration together; and*

*(d) hear 2 or more appeals or applications for a declaration together.*

*(4) A regulation may provide for—*

*(a) the way in which a tribunal is to operate, including the qualifications of the chairperson of the tribunal for particular proceedings; or*

*(b) the required fee for tribunal proceedings.*

### **238 Registrar and other officers**

*(1) The chief executive may, by gazette notice, appoint—*

*(a) a registrar; and*

*(b) other officers (including persons who are public service officers) as the chief executive considers appropriate to help a tribunal perform its functions.*

*(2) A person may hold the appointment or assist concurrently with any other public service appointment that the person holds.*

## **Division 2 Applications for declarations**

### **239 Starting proceedings for declarations**

*(1) A person may start proceedings for a declaration by a tribunal by filing an application, in the approved form, with the registrar.*

*(2) The application must be accompanied by the required fee.*

### **240 Application for declaration about making of development application**

*(1) The following persons may start proceedings for a declaration about whether a development application is properly made—*

*(a) the applicant;*

*(b) the assessment manager.*

*(2) However, a person may not seek a declaration under this section about whether a development application is accompanied by the written consent of the owner of the premises to the application.*

*(3) The proceedings must be started by—*

*(a) the applicant within 20 business days after receiving notice from the assessment manager, under the development assessment rules, that the development application is not properly made; or*

*(b) the assessment manager within 10 business days after receiving the development application.*

*(4) The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.*

*(5) In this section—*

**respondent means—**

*(a) if the applicant started the proceedings—the assessment manager; or*

*(b) if the assessment manager started the proceedings—the applicant.*

### **241 Application for declaration about change to development approval**

*(1) This section applies to a change application for a development approval if—*

*(a) the approval is for a material change of use of premises that involves the use of a classified building; and*

*(b) the responsible entity for the change application is not the P&E Court.*

*(2) The applicant, or responsible entity, for the change application may start proceedings for a*



*declaration about whether the proposed change to the approval is a minor change.*

(3) *The registrar must, within 10 business days after the proceedings start, give notice of the proceedings to the respondent as a party to the proceedings.*

(4) *In this section—*

**respondent means—**

(a) *if the applicant started the proceedings—the responsible entity; or*

(b) *if the responsible entity started the proceedings—the applicant.*

### **Division 3 Tribunal proceedings for appeals and declarations**

#### **242 Action when proceedings start**

*If a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed with the registrar within the period required under this Act, and is accompanied by the required fee, the chief executive must—*

(a) *establish a tribunal for the proceedings; and*

(b) *appoint 1 of the referees for the tribunal as the tribunal's chairperson, in the way required under a regulation; and*

(c) *give notice of the establishment of the tribunal to each party to the proceedings.*

#### **243 Chief executive excusing noncompliance**

(1) *This section applies if—*

(a) *the registrar receives a document purporting to start tribunal proceedings, accompanied by the required fee; and*

(b) *the document does not comply with any requirement under this Act for validly starting the proceedings.*

(2) *The chief executive must consider the document and decide whether or not it is reasonable in the circumstances to excuse the noncompliance (because it would not cause substantial injustice in the proceedings, for example).*

(3) *If the chief executive decides not to excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive must give a notice stating that the document is of no effect,*

*because of the noncompliance, to the person who filed the document.*

(4) *The chief executive must give the notice within 10 business days after the document is given to the chief executive.*

(5) *If the chief executive does excuse the noncompliance, the chief executive may act under section 242 as if the noncompliance had not happened.*

#### **244 Ending tribunal proceedings or establishing new tribunal**

(1) *The chief executive may decide not to establish a tribunal when a document starting tribunal proceedings is filed, if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal.*

*Examples of when it is not reasonably practicable to establish a tribunal—*

- *there are no qualified referees or insufficient qualified referees because of a conflict of interest*

- *the referees who are available will not be able to decide the proceedings in a timely way*

(2) *If the chief executive considers a tribunal established for tribunal proceedings—*

(a) *does not have the expertise to hear or decide the proceedings; or*

(b) *is not able to make a decision for proceedings (because of a tribunal member's conflict of interest, for example); the chief executive may decide to suspend the proceedings and establish another tribunal, complying with section 242(c), to hear or re-hear the proceedings.*

(3) *However, the chief executive may instead decide to end the proceedings if the chief executive considers it is not reasonably practicable to establish another tribunal to hear or re-hear the proceedings.*

(4) *If the chief executive makes a decision under subsection (1) or (3), the chief executive must give a decision notice about the decision to the parties to the proceedings.*

(5) *Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the chief*

executive gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.

- (6) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (5).

#### **245 Refunding fees**

The chief executive may, but need not, refund all or part of the fee paid to start proceedings if the chief executive decides under section 244—

- (a) not to establish a tribunal; or
- (b) to end the proceedings.

#### **246 Further material for tribunal proceedings**

- (1) The registrar may, at any time, ask a person to give the registrar any information that the registrar reasonably requires for the proceedings.

Examples of information that the registrar may require—

- material about the proceedings (plans, for example)
- information to help the chief executive decide whether to excuse noncompliance under section 243
- for a deemed refusal—a statement of the reasons why the entity responsible for deciding the application had not decided the application during the period for deciding the application.

- (2) The person must give the information to the registrar within 10 business days after the registrar asks for the information.

#### **247 Representation of Minister if State interest involved**

If, before tribunal proceedings are decided, the Minister decides the proceedings involve a State interest, the Minister may be represented in the proceedings.

#### **248 Representation of parties at hearing**

A party to tribunal proceedings may appear—

- (a) in person; or
- (b) by an agent who is not a lawyer.

#### **249 Conduct of tribunal proceedings**

- (1) Subject to section 237, the chairperson of a tribunal must decide how tribunal proceedings are to be conducted.

- (2) The tribunal may decide the proceedings on submissions if the parties agree.

- (3) If the proceedings are to be decided on submissions, the tribunal must give all parties a notice asking for the submissions to be made to the tribunal within a stated reasonable period.

- (4) Otherwise, the tribunal must give notice of the time and place of the hearing to all parties.

- (5) The tribunal may decide the proceedings without a party's submission (written or oral) if—

- (a) for proceedings to be decided on submissions—the party's submission is not received within the time stated in the notice given under subsection (3); or

- (b) for proceedings to be decided by hearing—the person, or the person's agent, does not appear at the hearing.

- (6) When hearing proceedings, the tribunal—

- (a) need not proceed in a formal way; and

- (b) is not bound by the rules of evidence; and

- (c) may inform itself in the way it considers appropriate; and

- (d) may seek the views of any person; and

- (e) must ensure all persons appearing before the tribunal have a reasonable opportunity to be heard; and

- (f) may prohibit or regulate questioning in the hearing.

- (7) If, because of the time available for the proceedings, a person does not have an opportunity to be heard, or fully heard, the person may make a submission to the tribunal.

#### **250 Tribunal directions or orders**

A tribunal may, at any time during tribunal proceedings, make any direction or order that the tribunal considers appropriate.

Examples of directions—

- a direction to an applicant about how to make their development application comply with this Act
- a direction to an assessment manager to assess a development application, even though the referral agency's response to the assessment manager was to refuse the application

#### **251 Matters tribunal may consider**

- (1) This section applies to tribunal proceedings about—
  - (a) a development application or change application; or
  - (b) an application or request (however called) under the Building Act or the Plumbing and Drainage Act.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the proceedings based on the laws in effect when—
  - (a) the application or request was properly made; or
  - (b) if the application or request was not required to be properly made—the application or request was made.
- (3) However, the tribunal may give the weight that the tribunal considers appropriate, in the circumstances, to any new laws.

#### **252 Deciding no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings**

- (1) A tribunal may decide that the tribunal has no jurisdiction for tribunal proceedings, at any time before the proceedings are decided—
  - (a) on the tribunal's initiative; or
  - (b) on the application of a party.
- (2) If the tribunal decides that the tribunal has no jurisdiction, the tribunal must give a decision notice about the decision to all parties to the proceedings.
- (3) Any period for starting proceedings in the P&E Court, for the matter that is the subject of the tribunal proceedings, starts again when the tribunal gives the decision notice to the party who started the proceedings.

- (4) The decision notice must state the effect of subsection (3).
- (5) If the tribunal decides to end the proceedings, the fee paid to start the proceedings is not refundable.

#### **253 Conduct of appeals**

- (1) This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal.
- (2) Generally, the appellant must establish the appeal should be upheld.
- (3) However, for an appeal by the recipient of an enforcement notice, the enforcement authority that gave the notice must establish the appeal should be dismissed.
- (4) The tribunal must hear and decide the appeal by way of a reconsideration of the evidence that was before the person who made the decision appealed against.
- (5) However, the tribunal may, but need not, consider—
  - (a) other evidence presented by a party to the appeal with leave of the tribunal; or
  - (b) any information provided under section 246.

#### **254 Deciding appeals to tribunal**

- (1) This section applies to an appeal to a tribunal against a decision.
- (2) The tribunal must decide the appeal by—
  - (a) confirming the decision; or
  - (b) changing the decision; or
  - (c) replacing the decision with another decision; or
  - (d) setting the decision aside, and ordering the person who made the decision to remake the decision by a stated time; or
  - (e) for a deemed refusal of an application—
    - (i) ordering the entity responsible for deciding the application to decide the application by a stated time and, if the entity does not comply with the order, deciding the application; or
    - (ii) deciding the application.

(3) However, the tribunal must not make a change, other than a minor change, to a development application.

(4) The tribunal's decision takes the place of the decision appealed against.

(5) The tribunal's decision starts to have effect—

(a) if a party does not appeal the decision—at the end of the appeal period for the decision; or

(b) if a party appeals against the decision to the P&E Court—subject to the decision of the court, when the appeal ends.

#### **255 Notice of tribunal's decision**

A tribunal must give a decision notice about the tribunal's decision for tribunal proceedings, other than for any directions or interim orders given by the tribunal, to all parties to proceedings.

#### **256 No costs orders**

A tribunal must not make any order as to costs.

#### **257 Recipient's notice of compliance with direction or order**

If a tribunal directs or orders a party to do something, the party must notify the registrar when the thing is done.

#### **258 Tribunal may extend period to take action**

(1) This section applies if, under this chapter, an action for tribunal proceedings must be taken within a stated period or before a stated time, even if the period has ended or the time has passed.

(2) The tribunal may allow a longer period or a different time to take the action if the tribunal considers there are sufficient grounds for the extension.

#### **259 Publication of tribunal decisions**

The registrar must publish tribunal decisions under the arrangements, and in the way, that the chief executive decides.

### **Schedule 1 Appeals**

#### **section 229**

#### **Appeal rights and parties to appeals**

(1) Table 1 states the matters that may be appealed to—

(a) the P&E court; or

(b) a tribunal.

(2) However, table 1 applies to a tribunal only if the matter involves—

(a) the refusal, or deemed refusal of a development application, for—

(i) a material change of use for a classified building; or

(ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or

(b) a provision of a development approval for—

(i) a material change of use for a classified building; or

(ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or

(c) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval for—

(i) a material change of use for a classified building; or

(ii) operational work associated with building work, a retaining wall, or a tennis court; or

(d) a development condition if—

(i) the development approval is only for a material change of use that involves the use of a building classified under the Building Code as a class 2 building; and

(ii) the building is, or is proposed to be, not more than 3 storeys; and

(iii) the proposed development is for not more than 60 sole-occupancy units; or

(e) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, an extension application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or

(f) a decision for, or a deemed refusal of, a change

application for a development approval that is only for a material change of use of a classified building; or

(g) a matter under this Act, to the extent the matter relates to the Building Act, other than a matter under that Act that may or must be decided by the Queensland Building and Construction Commission; or

(h) a decision to give an enforcement notice—

(i) in relation to a matter under paragraphs (a) to (g); or

(ii) under the Plumbing and Drainage Act; or

(i) an infrastructure charges notice; or

(j) the refusal, or deemed refusal, of a conversion application; or

(l) a matter prescribed by regulation.

(3) Also, table 1 does not apply to a tribunal if the matter involves—

(a) for a matter in subsection (2)(a) to (d)—

(i) a development approval for which the development application required impact assessment; and

(ii) a development approval in relation to which the assessment manager received a properly made submission for the development application; or

(b) a provision of a development approval about the identification or inclusion, under a variation approval, of a matter for the development.

(4) Table 2 states the matters that may be appealed only to the P&E Court.

(5) Table 3 states the matters that may be appealed only to the tribunal.

(6) In each table—

(a) column 1 states the appellant in the appeal; and

(b) column 2 states the respondent in the appeal; and

(c) column 3 states the co-respondent (if any) in the appeal; and

(d) column 4 states the co-respondents by election (if any) in the appeal.

(7) If the chief executive receives a notice of appeal under section 230(3)(f), the chief executive may elect to be a co-respondent in the appeal.

(8) In this section—

**storey** see the Building Code, part A1.1.

**Table 1**

**Appeals to the P&E Court and, for certain matters, to a tribunal**

**1. Development applications**

For a development application other than a development application called in by the

Minister, an appeal may be made against—

(a) the refusal of all or part of the development application; or

(b) the deemed refusal of the development application; or

(c) a provision of the development approval; or

(d) if a development permit was applied for—the decision to give a preliminary approval.

**EXTRACT FROM THE *PLANNING ACT 2016*  
RELATING TO LAPSE DATES**

***Division 4 Lapsing of and extending  
development approvals***

***85 Lapsing of approval at end of current period***

- (1) *A part of a development approval lapses at the end of the following period (the **currency period**)—*
- (a) *for any part of the development approval relating to a material change of use—if the first change of use does not happen within—*
- (i) *the period stated for that part of the approval; or*
- (ii) *if no period is stated—6 years after the approval starts to have effect;*
- (b) *for any part of the development approval relating to reconfiguring a lot—if a plan for the reconfiguration that, under the Land Title Act, is required to be given to a local government for approval is not given to the local government within—*
- (i) *the period stated for that part of the approval; or*
- (ii) *if no period is stated—4 years after the approval starts to have effect;*
- (c) *for any other part of the development approval if the development does not substantially start within—*
- (i) *the period stated for that part of the approval; or*
- (ii) *if no period is stated—2 years after the approval starts to take effect.*
- (2) *If part of a development approval lapses, any monetary security given for that part of the approval must be released.*